



Zionists attempt to muzzle U.S. daily By Bob Lebling

Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON Feb 30 - A Zionist group here has accused The Washington Post of anti-Israel bias in its coverage of Middle East news, and has organized a coordinated campaign to force a change in the newspaper's editorial policy.

The Washington chapter of the American Jewish Congress has recruited volunteers to monitor and assess the Post 's duily coverage of Middle East developments, Arab News has learned.

The group plans to besiege post staff members and executives with letters and telephone calls whenever the newspaper carries articles or columns unfavorable to Israel. The American Jewish Congress chapter will also set up a speaker's bureau to brief.

other Jewish and Zionist groups on "problens' in The Post 's coverage of the Middle

The group will also monitor other news media for alleged anti-Israel bias, and will initiate campaign against perceived offenders. The strategy was developed last Sunday at a meeting bere organized by the chapter's media committee. More than 150 people took part in the session, sources said. Speakers at the meeting accused The Post of giving its readers a "distorted view" of the Palestine Liberation Organization. They also blasted the paper for its sympathetic coverage of Saudi Arabia. The meeting discussed the results of a survey of The Post 's Middle East coverage in 1980 by the conference of presidents of major American Jewish organ-

zations, a Zionist umbrella group. According to this survey. The Post was found to be too sympathetic toward the Palestinians. The newspaper also "consis-- tently denigrated the nation of Israel and its - citizens," the report concluded.

Zionist attacks on The Post, one of America's most prestigious newspapers, have been gaining in frequency over the past year.

King, queen arrive By Nigel Harvey

On 3-day visit

JEDDAH, Feb. 20 - King Carl XVI Gustav and Queen Silvia of Sweden arrived here Friday night on a commercial flight from Slockholm to hegin a three day state visit Saturday.

The Royal couple was received hy deputy Governor of Mecca senior officials and staff members of the Royal Swedish Emhassy. The couple, on their first visit to the Arab

world, will leave Jeddah Saturday morning by a Saudi Arabian royal aircraft to Rivadh where King Khaled will formally received them.

Private lunch in the royal guest palace will be followed by meetings with King Khaled, Crown Prince Fuhd and foreign minister Prince Saud Al Faisal,

Sweden's foreign minister, Ola Ullstrom, who is on the roval delegation, will hold talks with Prince Saud

On Saturday night, the royal will attend separate banquets in Riyadh.

On Sunday, a meeting with planning Minister Hisham Nazer will be followed hy a tour of Rivadh's King Faisal Specialist Hospital. In the afternoon, the party will visit the new Swedisb-built dairy in al Kharj. The evening will see a traditional

desert dinner outside the capital. On Monday morning, the party flies to Dhahran to visit the University of Petroleum and Mincrals, flying back to Riyadh for a private lunch. In the afternoon, the royal couple will receive members of the 3,000 Swedish community in the Kingdom. A press conference will held before a visit to the Rivadh compound of the Swedish telephone contractors, LM Ericeson.

On Tuesday morning King Khaled will accompany the royal couple from the guest palace to Riyadh airport for a ceremonial farewell to Jeddah to pick up a regular commercial flight, back to Stockholm. (See royal interview page 7)

Khaled in Riyadh

RIYADH, Feb. 20 (SPA) - King Khaled returned here Friday from the hinterland where he spent a few days of relaxation. He was accompanied by Prince Sultan, defense minister and other princes

On arrival he was received by Prince Musicof ibn Abdul Ranman. Crown Prince Falul, Covernor Salman. princes, minusters and leading officials and officers.

Police said that in all three kidnapping, the

gunmen entered the homes of the consuls and

while some of the commandos took away the

kidnap victims, others stayed and held mem-

bers of the families and servants throughout

Police stood guard outside consulates and

diplomatic residences in the Basque country

Friday. The abductions were carried out a

week after a Basque suspect Jose Arregui

Izaguirre died in a Madrid jail following nine

days of police custody. An autops, repuis

said he died of bronchial pneumonia but it

noted signs of physical violence including

The death of Arregui triggered big protest

demonstrations in the Basque country and a

furor in the Spanish press. Five police inspec-

tors who conducted his interrogation were

detained and seven senior policemen res-

In Madrid Friday, the caretaker ministers

of foreign and interior affairs discussed the

kidnappings as a vote-of-confidence debate

was going on in the Spanish parliament.

Prime Minister-designate Leopoldo Calvo

Sotelo was seeking parliamentary approval as successor to Adolfo Suarez who resigned last

month. Sources in the family quoted the kid-

igned in anger at the public protests.

Police accuse Basques of kidnapping 3 consuls

47, a Spanish doctor.

burns on both feet.

the night.

BILBAO, Spain, Feb. 20 (Agencies) -Hooded gunmen described by police as Basque separatists kidnapped three honorary consuls in night-time raids on their homes in northern Spain. The abductions followed the public outery over allegations that a suspected Basque separatist who died in police custody had been tortured. The consuls of Austria and El Salvador in the Basque town of Bilbao and the consul for Uruguay at Pamplonan in neighboring Navarre province, were kidnapped Thursday night and their relatives were held for sume hours to prevent them from calling authorities, the police said.

They said a fourth kidnapping attempt at

Tax reliefs in U.S.

Reagan unfolds plan

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20(R) - President Reagan proposed a sweeping plan of multibillion dollar tax and spending cuts designed to pull the U.S. economy out of what he has called the worst mess since the depression of the 1930's.

Reagan described his program, submitted to a joint session of the Senate and House of Representatives, as paintui but tair and essential to curb inflation and spur recovery.

The conservative Republican president asked Congress to cut former President Jimmy Carter's budget requests by eight bilhen dollars in the cu sent financial star and 43.8 billion in the 1982 financial year which starts Oct. 1.

But Reagan administration officials said the cuts would actually amount to only \$4.4 billion this year and 2.415 billion next year because they expect inflation to be less severe than the Carter administration predicted.

This would mean lower costs for government programs that automatically increase with the rate of inflation.

Reagan linked hls budget cuts with proposals to reduce personal income taxes by 10 per cent a year for three years from July 1 and business taxes from Jan, 1. He estimated personal taxes would be reduced by \$44.2 billion and business taxes by \$9.7 billion in 1982.

A total of 83 government programs, ranging from health and education serivces to joh training and urban development, would be cut if Congress approved.

In the package he submitted Thursday, Reagan said bis goal was to reduce the government's role in the free market economy and make wealthy and middle-class Americans less dependent on government services,

But he pledged that there would be a safety net for poor families who could not survive without government help. The full extent of the cuts will be revealed when the president submits a detailed budget to Congress on March 10.

Reagan said he would ask Congress to raise the defense budget from \$158 billion in the current financial year to \$250 billion by the 1984 financial year.

Among programs listed for cuts in 1982 "were foreign ecnomic aid from \$2.1 billion to \$4.7 billion, and space programs, from \$6.2



mean dramatic benefits for the American people.

Further cuts were grants to public broadcasting from \$172 million to \$129 million; job training from \$3.7 billion to \$206 million; and mass transit development from \$876 million to \$780 million.

The budget package forecast inflation, now at an annual rate of more than 12 per cent, would be cut in half by 1986, while economic stagnation would yield to growth of four to five per cent a year.

The president, who last month froze government regulations for 60 days, said he intended to issue orders to take sure that future regulations helped the free enterprise system in line with his pledge to keep the government's role to a minimum.

Under the president's tax relief proogram, a single person carning \$15,000 a year would bave a \$316 tax cut in 1982, and anyone with a \$100,000 income would pay \$2,416 less.

For a family of four earning \$15,000, taxes would be reduced by \$1.5 1 or the same fam-ily carning \$100,000, the tax would be cut by ould be cut by toward increased productivity." Robert Michel, Republican teader in the

House of Represenatives, said: "President Reagan has taken the first giant step toward fulfilling his mandate from the American people." But he forecast a tough congressional battle because the democrats, as Senator Robert Kennedy said, were not prepared "to see the social progress of a generation swept aside in a few short weeks."

On the trade union side, steelworkers' leader Llovd McBride said the program would "soak the poor and give to the rich," bat nober. Goss of the Off industry Workers said: "I think our country's got to do something different '

In Japan, government and monetary officials thought Reagan may succumb to congressional pressure and have to cut federal spending by less than \$41.40 billion dollars in fiscal 1982.

If that happened, the program could fail to curh inflationary pressure, the Reagan recovery bid could suffer and the dollar decline

Japanese officials said the U.S. may increase its calls for Japan to assume more responsibility in defense spending and foreign aid. They also feared increased protectionism on the part of the United States.

Plans to shelve the U.S. synethetic fuels project looked bad for the joint coal liquefaction project launched by Japan, West German and the U.S., they also said.

In West Germany, government and business officials saw the Reagan plan as "a coherent whole". Success relied on Congress not dismantling it, and also on private demand and industrial investment reacting immediately to the easier taxes.

Government officials said that if social and other cuts were rejected in Congress, the federal budget may not be re-balanced by 1984 and indeed the deficit may increase. At the same time monetary restrictions would be accentuated which would hamper West German attempts to defend the mark and fight recession.

Business circles noted that the program was founded on the bold wager that production, stimulated by tax cuts, would rise faster than prices. The figures for household con-

sumption, motors and building would give an

early indication of whether the program

The official Soviet news agency Tass,

meanwhile, accused Reagan of trying" to jus-

tify the unbridled increase in American milit-

ary expenditure hy referring to invented

In a report from Washington on Reagan's

economic speech to a joint session of Con-

gress, Tass said Reagan declared bis willing-

ness to open negotiations with Moscow on

disarmament, "not hiding Washington's

intentions of conducting such negotiations

reports on Soviet defense spending."

from a position of strength."

would work.

observers noted. The newspaper has rejected charges that its coverage is deliherately anti-Israeli, The Post misists that its news reporting on Middle East developments is balanced and imparital.

But the paper has shown signs recently that Zionist pressure tactics, are baving their - effect_

A recent Post editorial, for example, charged that the PLO was largely responsible for the scizure of the American hostages in Iran, And earlier this month, a Post columnist wrote an economic analysis which included an uncharacteristically barsh attack on Saudi Arabia and its role in the OPEC.

There are indications that Ziooist groups are mobilizing nation wide to 'police' the U.S. media.

CBS television has come under heavy attack for a news report on the Arabs in Israel, which appeared on the highly popular Sunday-night program "Sixty Minutes.

CBS newsman Mike Wallace, who did the news report, told Arab News that he was subjected to inteose pressure by Zionist groups who tried to kill the report before it aired on television last Sunday.

Wallace, who is himself Jewish, said he was called a "self-hater" by Zionists opposed to the news report.

Dollar falls, gold rises

LONDON, Feb. 20 (AP) - The dollar fell on world foreign exchange markets Friday in active selling, as banks and investors reacted to West Germany's new measures to bolster the Deutchemark. Gold prices rose.

London's five bullion houses fixed a recommended morning gold price of \$514.75 a troy ounce, up from \$503.50 late Thursday, and in Zurich, the metal traded at a median \$514.50, up from \$505.50. Earlier in Hong Kong, gold closed at \$511.08, up \$14.01 and the metal finished in New York Thursday at \$507.

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the Portuguese consulate in San Sebastian Friday morning failed because the consul was not there. Police said the abductors belonged to the political-military wing of the separatist

organization. Sources in the family of Uruguayan Consul Gabriel Biurrum, 40, said the kidnappers told him to pack bis suitcase for a long time but that nothing would happen to him. The kidnappers were quoted as saying they wanted to publicize the demands about Basque detainees.

No one immediately claimed responsibility for the kidnappings. Diplomatic sources named the abducted consul for Austria as Hermann Diez De La Sel Korsatko, 45, an Austrian national. The consul for El Salvador was named as Antonio Amparo Fernandez,

nappers as saying nothing would be heard of the consul for at least 15 days. West's departure postponed interest, and our desire to move forward promptly in our dialogue on this range of

JEDDAH, Feb. 20 - U.S. Ambassador John West, who was due to leave for home Monday after a three and half years in Jeddah, has been asked to remain at post a few more weeks.

By Elias Haddad

The request was made to the ambassador by Secretary Alexander Haig Thursday because of the importance we attach to the U.S.-Saudi Arabian relationship and our desire not to leave too long vacant this important post", an embassy spokesman told Arab News

The spokesman quoted Haig as telling the ambassador. "In this light I feel I must ask you to remain in Saudi Arabia for a few more weeks until mid-March."

"I recognize that your doing so will involve considerable personal inconvenience", the secretary of state added.

Haig, who expressed gratitude to the Ambassador, "for your consideration in the matter", also asked West to explain the postponement of his departure to the Saudi Arahian government.

"You may wish to stress our awareness of the great importance of the range of issues in which both governments have a common

issues", Haig was quoted as telling West. The spokesman however did not say what issues the ambassador will stress.

Reuters meanwhile reported from Washington that a majority of the U.S. Senate's Foreign Relations Committee expressed concern Friday about the possible sale to Saudi Atabia of accessories for the F-15 fighter planes bought by the Kingdom.

Eight of the 15 committee members said in a letter to President Reagan: "We recognize the security of Saudi Arabia is important to the U.S., but our interest in the region could be jeopardized were we to upset the regional halance of power."

The Senate approved the sale of 60 F-15 fighters to Saudi Arabia in 1978. But last July, 68 senators urged President Carter to reject any request for extra equipment, such as muluple bomb ejection racks, long-range fuel tanks and aerial refuelling capabilities.

The issue must now be settled by the new administration. Senator Edward Kennedy also issued a statement strongly opposing any such sale, saying such equipment went well beyond that which Saudi Arabia needed to defend its own territory.

Court indicts ripper for 13 murders

DEWSBURY, Feb. 20 (AP) - Truck driver Peter Sutcliffe was indicted Friday for the murder of 13 women and the attempted slaying of seven more, all crimes blamed by police on the "Yorkshire ripper," The 35year-old Sutcliffe was committed for Irial at Leeds Crown Court by a panel of three Dewsbury magistrates. No date was set, but the next court session begins next month.

Suicliffe was brought to court under heavy police escon from Armley prison in Leeds. 16 kilometers away. It was only the second ume since his arrest Jan. 2 that Sutcliffe had appeared in the oak-panelled courtroom.

State prosecutor David Kylc lold the three magistrates that police would produce a pile of exhibits at Sutcliffe's trial, including drawings, maps and photographs made by the defendant ... and eight physical exhibits." Police sources said that the exhibits would include a screwdriver, a round-beaded hammer and several knives.

Detectives who had hunted the "ripper," Britain's most notorious mass murderer, since he first struck in 1975, said the killer's trademark was overpowering his victims with hammer blows to the head, stabbing them and often mutilating them in a ritualistic way.

Presiding magistrate John Walker ordered Sutcliffe held without bail until his trial. He said this was "for your own protection because you might fail to surrender for trial and because you might commit other offenses.

Sutcliffe, who has not yet had to enter a. plea. was silent throughout the 15-minute hearing.

The beareded Sutcliffe, of slight huild with dark curly hair, sat down in the dock but Walker motioned to the police officers that the hearing was over and they escorted him downstairs and out into a waiting yellow police van to take him back to prison.

billion to \$6 billion.

Other cuts included child nutrition from \$3.9 billion to \$2.3 billion; subsidies to dairy farmers, from \$1.7 billion to \$622 million: unemployment compensation after 26 weeks' basic benefits, from \$2.5 billion to \$1.2 billion; medicaid program of bealth payments to poor families, from \$18.2 billion \$17.2 billion.

In addition to his proposed budget cuts, the president asked Congress to increase revenue to the government by some two billion dollars by raising fees for using airports, inland waterways, coast guard and other government services.

The economic package, released by the White House before the president appeared before the joint session of Congress, said congressional approval of the plan would

Atomic blast by Israelis said likely

By Bob Lebling Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20 - Israel is believed to have conducted its second atmosphere test of a low-yield nuclear device last December in the waters off the South African coast, according to defense analysts. The atomic test, carried out with the belp of the South African government, was similar to an earlier nuclear blast in the same area of the South Atlantic which was detected by a U.S. reconnaissance satellite in February 1979.

refused to acknowledge that the flash detected by the "Vela" satellite in 1979 was a

time the Pentagon thought otherwise, based on its own analysis of the monitoring data.

Other sources said the 1979 blast was a test of a low-yield tactical (or battlefield) nuclear weapon by Israel, conducted with the help of the South Africans. Last Dec. 15, a second flash was detected by U.S. monitoring sensors in approximately the same location as the 1979 explosion.

Urgent efforts are now underway within the U.S. intelligence community to confirm the identity of the country or countries that carried out this latest test. But defense analysts say Israel is the most likely candidate since the location of the explosion and its yield are similar to the earlier confirmed blast

Helsinki office for PLO

AMMAN, Feb. 20 (AP) - The Finnish government has given the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) permission to open an office in Helsinki, a Palestinian source said here Thursday. Talks are currently being held to decide on the office's status before it is formally opened.

\$3,343.

Rcagan program meaowhile drew praise from the U.S. business community and his fellow Republicans, but sbarp comment from the Democrats and trade unions.

The president of Ford Motor Company, Donald Petersen, said Reagan "has caught the mood of the country." Alexander Thowbridge, bead of a manufacturerers' body totaling 12,000 smaller firms said the program "is designed to release the full potential of our enterprise system."

Tom Peake, chief economist at Standard Oil of California, believed the amortization speed-up would "truly stimulate investment



FOUR STOREY BUILDING, North Palestine Street, opposite Ibn Kuthir Intermediate School and near Chinese Embassy in Jeddah, is now FOR SALE OR RENT.

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It is now occupied by Abdul Latif Jameel Co. which is now moving to another big building at Sitteen Street, opposite Ladies Branch of Rajihy Banking & Commercial Company.

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Officially, the Carter administration

noclear explosion.

But defense sources told Arab News at that

Islamic states launch chamber of commerce

From our Guif Bureau

KUWAIT, Feb. 20 - Saudi Arabia. Kuwait and the United Arah Emirates have contributed \$20,000 each to the newly established Islamic Chamber of Commerce. Morocco has offered \$10,000 and Iran 25,000 Swiss Francs, according to Sheikh Ismail Abu Dawood, chairman of the Saudi Arahian chamber of commerce.

Abu Dawood said other Islamic countries were also expected to seed in their shares shortly. The contributions will keep the Islamic chamber going until next year, he added.

Abu Dawood said that he expected Islamic countries would pay generously for the construction of a permanent premises of the Islamic Chamber in Karachi. Pakistan has already donated a site of 5,000 square feet, he said.

Although the Islamic Chamber is still in its infancy, he said, "it has already embarked on important studies to establish an Islamic shipping company and another for re-insurance in which all Islamic countries as well as businessmen will have shares.

He said cooperation between the Kuwait and Saudi Chambers was excellent. "Our cooperation covers many fields, including the exchange of information related to the commercial developments," he added.

The conference noted with satisfaction the third Islamic summit a resolution extending the Arab boycott of Israel to all member states of the OIC. The conference urged the member states of the chamber to implement the resolutioo at an early date. The general assembly requested them to give special facilities to the PLO in the sphere of economic cooperation,

The general assembly has elected Abdulaziz Hamad al Sagar (President of the Kuwait Chamber of Commerce and Industry) as the chairman of the Islamic Economic Chamber. The conference also elected Momar Sourang of Senegal and Djanamar Adjan of Indonesia as vice-chairmen.

The general assembly of the chamber welcomed in principle the establishment of an Islamic re-insurance corporation. The proposal was made by a study group specially formed to explore the possibilities of independant reinsurance facility for the member countries, secretary-general of the chamber Sami Onaran (Turkey) said. The first expert group meeting on re-insurance will be held in Dacca, capital of Bangladesh in the second half of this year. The three-day general assembly meeting was presided over by the President of the Chamber, Sheikh Ismail Abu Dawood of Saudi Arabia. Representatives of the chambers from 24 countries and four Islamic organizations attended the conference which was inaugurated by Crown Prince and Prime Minister of Kuwait, Sheikh Saad al Abdulla al Sabah at the Kuwait Sheraton.

Bangladesh delegate Shamshul Alam, highlighting the salient features of the study on re-insurance problems and possibilities, said the ultimate aim of the proposed Islamic Re-Insurance Corporation would be a system through which the Islamic countries could liberate their trade from the clutches of the Western re-insurance monopolies.

The chairman of the expert group on shipping. Mustapha Gokal, analysed the cegligible role being played at present by the Islamic countries in world shipping despite the available opportunities in the field. He appreciated the creation of the Islamic Shipowners Association and emphasized the urgent need for the establishment of an Islamic shipping company in the field of bulk cargoes.

Another major issue, discussed during the general assembly meeting was the formation of an Islamic common market. After hearing the explanation of Bangiadesh delegation and noting the statement of the Organizatioo of Islamic Conference (OIC) the representatives said this subject would be discussed during the seventh Islamic commission on economic, cultural and social affairs of the OIC to be held in Jakarta on March 30: The chamber general body decided to follow up the matter jointly with OIC.



arabnewsLocal

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1981



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(STA plate) FINANCE: Sheikh Muhammad Aba Al-Khail, finance and nat chaired the Gulf International Bank's meeting in Riyadh Thursday morning. The bank's General Assembly had met Wednesday night under its chairman, Sheikh Abdullah Saif. The meeting discussed, among other things, the closing accounts for 1980. The bank is a joint venture of all Gulf states.

Industries expo opens today

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Feb. 20 - A series of exhibitions, seminars and guided tours of factories in the industrial cities of the Kingdom will highlight the Natiooal Industrial Week beginning Saturday.

The occasioo is meant to acquaint citizens with the variety of locally manufactured products. As part of the program, factories will present a special display of their products for sale at lower prices."

In Jeddah, about 35 industries will participate in a cavalcade that will weod its way through the city to terminate at the Al Hamra

Apart from serving as an industrial show-

the Kingdom.

HENT COM

By Saleb Al-Marzouk

Al Riyadh

You find all kinds of things being sold on the pavement, ranging from books, garments to huxury items. In fact, the pavement has been transformed into a market place and, even more, a parking areal

There used to be fatal accidents in the past owing to the absence of pavement. But even today the situation does not seem to be very much different from the past, although we now have well-planned roads with pavements.

The pavements have been constructed to protect the pedestrians and not to provide scope for vendors, who cluster everywhere with their merchandise and even sometimes close the road. Although

case, the industrial week will also seek to forge closer links between business and the government, besides highlighting the problems of industrialists.

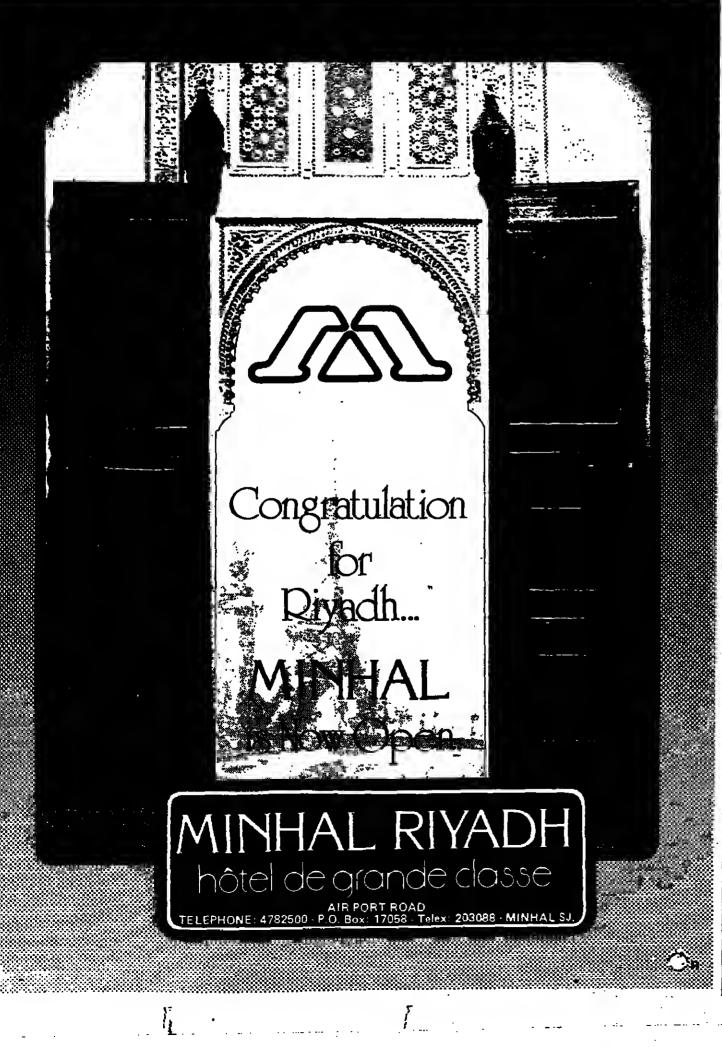
The Jeddah Chamber of Commerce will organize an exhibition featuring the products manufactured by various companies in the Kingdom. Factories will give special prizes to their most efficient employees. In Riyadh, the King Khaled prize will be awarded to the best industry, while in Jeddah, the municipality will award prizes to factories for the highest standards of safety, quality and cleanli-

A special film on the growth of national industries has also been hilled for release in

municipal officials have launched several campaigns to put an end to this pheoomenoo, these have not been sufficient so far. We would need permanent campaign to

root out this unpleasant phenomenon, so that the pavements are not misused by vendors. They ignore all civic rules and municipal campaigns launched from time to time.

If we probe the reasons for the recurrence of such a phenomenon, we would find that vendors do not have to pay any rent for their temporary "shops", and so they keep on moving from one place to another in the hope of a good sale, With a little organization, we can easily get rid of pavement-vendors by creating special places for their trade. In this way, the phenomenon can be checked from spreading to other areas, and we can have safe pavements free from unpleasant situation.



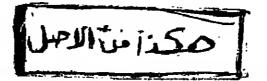
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SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1981

T.RDAY. NO **Islamic body allocates** more funds for learning By a Staff Writer

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JEDDAH, Feb. 20 - Representatives of 15 Islamic states resumed meetings at the Secretariat General of the Organization of the Islamic Conference here Saturday to apportion \$15 millinn from the financiallyautonomous Islamic Solidarity Fund to Islamic associations and universities throughout the world.

The representatives who opened their meetings on Feb. 15 and will continue till March 3 are subdivided into five threemember committees for Asia; Africa; the .ARD Middle East; Europe and America; and the universities and scientific research. They will submit their report and recommendations to the 18th session of the ISF's permanent council which will meet bere, April 6-9, under its President Dr. Ezzeddin Ibrahim, cultural adviser tn Sheikh Zayed ibn Sultan Al-Nahayan, president of the United Arab Emirates.

Members of the ISF's permanent council are Sandi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Kuwai

key, Mauritania, Malaysia, Djibouti, Tunisia and the Comnros, apart fram the OIC secret-

ary general and the fund's president. The fund's budget was around \$15 million last year and this year, but the third Islamic summit recently held in the Kingdom took a decisinn that as of next year the ISF's budget will be raised to \$50 million, Islamic officials told Arab News Thursday. Unlike the OIC general secretariat's budget which is mainly financed by member states according fixed annual subscriptions, the ISF depends solely nn vnluntary donatinns by member states and eventually private sources and Saudi Arabia usually contributes the largest part.

The ISF also intends tn embark on a large scale fund raising campaign during the com-ing month of Ramadan during which Muslims fast and give alms to the poor or subsidize philanthropic activities of various kinds (July 1981). The fund will seek the help of the member states information media for the purpose and already requested that a prominent personality be designated in each member state in collect donations on behalf

it, Iraq, Libya, Sudan, Pakistan, Tur-			of the fund.				
Prayer T				Times			
Saturday	Mecca	Medina	Riyadb	Dammam	Buraidah	Tabuk	
 Fajr	5.23	5.26	4.58	4.46	5.10	5.42	
Ishraq	6.48	6.51	6.23	6.11	6.35	7.07	
Dhuhr	12.34	12.35	12.07	11.53	12.18	12.47	
Assr	3.54	3.53	3.24	3.10	3.34	.4.02	
Maghreb Isha	6.22 7.52	6.21 7.51	5.52 7.22	5.37 7.07	6.02 7.32	6.29 7.59	
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East gets more phone lines

DAMMAM, Feb. 20 - The share of Eastern Province cities and villages in the new telephone network totalled 40,221 lines until the end of last January. When the network is completed in 1982 it will total 155,000 lines, Abdullah Al-Abbad, the region's telephone director has, said. The province also received 1,778 telex lines and 244 public phone booths during the same period.

Mnre than 2,000 lines are installed every month in various cities and towns of the Eastern Province, the official said. And more than 20,000 new lines will be given this year tn Al-Khobar, Dammam, Dhahran, Abqiq, Rahima, Al-Khafji, Qatif, Sayhat, Hafr-al-Baten, Safwi, Tarut. and Al-Nuayreyyah. Work is already underway and will be completed within the coming few weeks in installing 4,000 new lines in Qatif, Sayhat, and Ank. A time-table has already been worked out for subscribers here to receive their telephones. All telephones in the Eastern Province are at present being hooked to a computer which will go into operation by the second half of 1981. Within a mnnth all subscribers in the area will have the facility to dial double zero to make their long distance phone calls without seeking the help of the operator. They will be able to contact 84 states directly.

Prince Fahd flyover opens to traffic

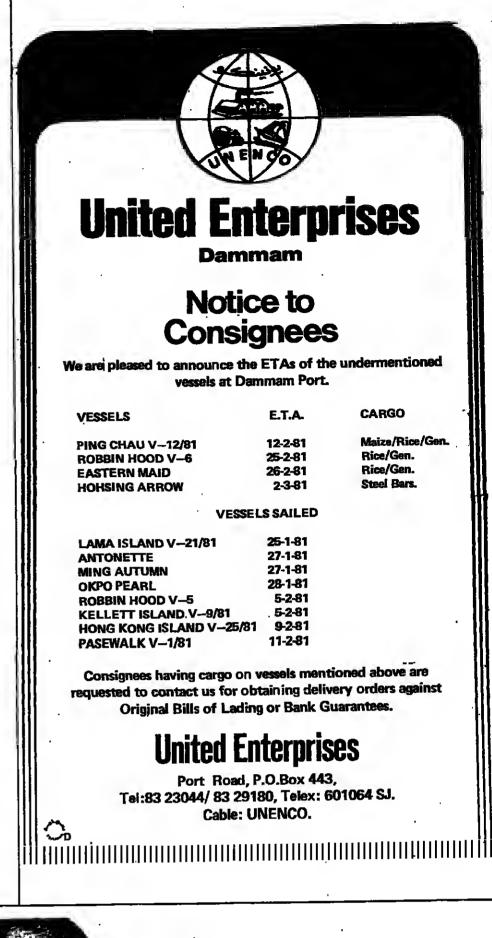
By a Staff Writes

JEDDAH, Feb. 20 - The first section of the Prince Fahd bridge from the present airport to the traffic lights of Attas botel was opened for traffic here recently. The nearly five-kilometer bridge, esti-mated to cost SR 558 million, is scheduled fnr completion in August, 1983. The link-up with Mecca Road is expected to be earlier.



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Israeli official resigns over emigration policy

TEL AVIV, Feb. 20(AP) - A top immigration official has resigned, saying the government was oot acting effectively on a report he wrote oo emigration from the Jewish state.

Shmuel Lahis, director-general of the Jewish ageocy told AP that the problem of emigration was so serious "it could threaten the existence of the state."

He said the Jewish agency which oversees the movement of Jews to Israel was tying his

hands over emigration, and he added "they won't let me criticize the government's handling of the issue."

Two months ago, Lahis published a 60page report which claimed that up to 500,000 Israelis were living in the United States alone. He called for setting up a special task force headed by a deputy premier, and said the problem should be designated as a national emergency.

Shamir confers with U.S. MPs

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20 (Agencies) -Visiting Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir discussed current issues in U.S.-Israeli relations at a closed-door reception Thursday with members of the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee. Committee Chairman Clemeot Zablocki, a Wisconsin Democrat, said the session with Shamir "went very well,"

fident that the Camp David process will resume". The talks between Israel and Egypt over Palestinian autonomy and other issues have been suspended since last year.

Aoother congressman at the reception, who declined to he identified, said Shamir sought to minimize any problems which could arise with the impending electioo in Israel and the possibility of a new government.

"Zablocki said Shamir indicated "he is coo-Yadin retires from politics

* TEL AVIV, Feb 20 (R) - Israel's Deputy Prime Minister Yigael Yadin has annouoced that he was retiring from political life and would not run in the general election on June 30. Yadin told a television interviewer Wednesday night that his Democratic Party had begun winding up its affairs and all its members were free to pursue their own political

paths. The ancouncement ended four years in active politics for Yadin which have been described by Israeli political commentators as a total failure. Yadin, 63, entered poliocs hefore the May 1977 election at the head of the Democratie Movement for Change (DMC), a new reformist party.

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anabnews Middle East

Jerusalem mayor warns Israel against company control

TEL AVIV, Feb. 20 (AP) - Jerusalem Mayor Teddy Kollek warned in an interview published Friday that government moves to deepen Israeli control of the Arab sector of the city were playing into the hands of the Palestine Liberation Organizatioo.

Kollek bitterly attacked the government's efforts to take over the Arah Electricity Company that supplies power to Jerusalem's Arab sector and surrounding West Bank settlements.

He told the daily Maaris that the company was "a symbol of the Arabs' nationalist and economie pride." To take it over would cause "unrest and harm coexistence and damage Israel politically and revive all the opposition to our rule of Jerusalem and give the Arabsan . excelleot weapon for presenting us to the world as usurpers and pirates ... "

He said if the company was seized, its workers would strike "and strikes mean tensioo and tension serves the PLO."

Kollek said Israel's diplomatic standing already had been damaged by the passage of a bill last July which wrote into Israeli law the

Israel detains six Arab students

TEL AVIV, Feb. 20 (AP) - Authorities arrested six Palestinian students Thursday in a crackdown on political activities in West Bank universities, Israel radio reported. The six students were charged with inciting other students to form a political framework hostile to the state at the universities of Bethlehem and Bir Zeit, the radio added.

Authorities also arrested four youths sus-

Sadat urges formation of Arab parliament week, when he saw the building where the

CAIRO, Feb. 20 (AP) - Egyptian Presi-dent Anwar Sadat has called for the formation of an Arab parliament along the lines of the European parliament, as a first step to form an Arab commoo market, the official Middle East News Ageocy reported.

He said Thursday be thought of this idea. while visiting the European parliament last

EFS BRI Patriarch Maximos V Hakim, the head of the

reported.

KHARTOUM, (AFP) - The Sudanese government has accepted the resignations of more than 100 of a total of 250 magistrates who had gooe on strike Tuesday to protest their "unsatisfactory service conditions.

WASHINGTON, (R) - Turkey is freeing four jailed Americans, three of whom were originally sentenced to death for drug smuggling, the State Department has said.

BEIRUT, (AP) - The predominantly. Greek Catholie town of Zahleh staged a one-hour general strike in eastern Lebanon Friday to protest an attempt to assassinate



annetation of Arab Jerusalem. Anyone who went abroad following the controversial "Jerusalem law" affair could feel "opposition, hate and oaths to never let us rule Jerusalem," he said.

The Israeli supreme court ruled Monday that the government was entitled to take over the company's facilides in Arab Jerusalem since that sector is anoexed to Israel, but could not touch installations in the West Bank since it is under military occupation.

pected of forming a commando cell in the

town of Hebron and of planing explosives at a soldiers' hitching post in Israel.

In separate incidents, two minors were

charged Thursday with throwing a Molotov

cocktail at an Israeli military vehicle in Beth-

lehem some mooths ago, the the radio

documents of the European parliament are translated into ten languages of its members.

Sadat also expressed his hopes, in his

address to the weekly meeting of the ruling

National Democratic Party, that the agree-

ments for full autonomy for the Palestinians

would be reached before the end of the year.

Greek Catholie Church in the Middle East

ANKARA, (AFP) - Twenty policemen

and 17 extremists were killed and 48 persons

were wounded in terrorist actions between

Jan. 12 and Feb. 12, Turkey's military com-

BONN, (AP) - The foreign affairs com-mittee of the West German parliament will

send a fact-finding team to Turkey oext

month to report on the situatioo in that coun-

and the Western hemisphere.

mand announced here Thursday.

try, it was announced Friday.

cuss the options for a comprehensive peace.

Genscher told reporters after a 75-minute meeting with President Anwar Sadat that "the states of the Middle East depend on a free Europe, in close cooperation with the United States," and that peace io the Middle East was vital for Western Europe.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1981

Genscher was reiterating statements he made on his last visit to Egypt one year ago when he said the West and the Middle East were "both io the same boat" because of the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

Sadat told reporters in the garden of his house in Giza, a suburb of Cairo, that Genscher had conveyed to him West Germany's acceptance of the "idea of mutual recognitioo betweeo all parties," involved in the Middle East conflict.



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face of the Soviet threat,'

Earlier this week, Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky also met officials here to dis-

'M.E. peace vital for Europe' CAIRO, Feb. 20 (AP) - West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher

Genscher savs

Genscher is the fourth European foreign minister to come to Egypt in the last two months. His Italian, British and Dutch counterparts visited Cairo separately in January for talks with Egyptian officials on Europe's potential role in achieving a comprehensive. Mideast peace.

has stressed Enrope's increasing involvement in Mideast peace moves, and said it was essectial that the West and the Middle East cooperate toward safeguarding their mutual interests" in the face of any threat, also in the



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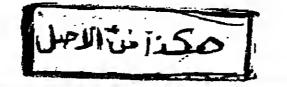
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SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1981

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East Africa to set up new sanctuary

By Thomas Land

GENEVA, (ONS) - East Africa would establish a vast new nature reserve and recquip the national wildlife protection services in a combined effort to strengthen the first line of defense against poachers threatening the dwindling elephant and thinoceros populations. The countries involved seek ultimately to control the lucrative world trade in v ivory.

of conflict The International Union for the Conserva-E VISIT tion of Nature (IUCN) has announced plans to make funds and technical assistance available to the governments of Tanzania, Uganda, Kenya and the Sudan where the war. against poachers was fought with aircraft and tic weapons. The new campaign anigmanc weapons. The new campaign soninged from the experience gained in Zamhis where law enforcement agencies were assisted by local conservation groups and the husiness community to clear the magnificent Laangwa Valley of 10 highly organized gangs.

> The second line of defense is being organized at international level, with backing from specialist United Nations organizations. The Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species, recently joined by the Central African Republic, Communist China and Japan, would meet in New Delhi this month to discuss ways to fight the illegal demand for ivory and rhino horn. The oil-rich Middle East remains a lucrative market where hom-handled daggers are displayed as a symbol of maturity.

Africa's elephant population, estimated at five million five years ago, has been reduced almost entirely by poachers to 1.3 million, says a specialist study published by the New York Zoological Society: The world's thino population - including both the black and e white sub-species was down to about 24,000, most of it in Africa, and facing extincicin dishi tion. Rhino horn and ivory fetch more than their weight in gold. Only a small proportion of the money reaches the poacher, but the casy availability of military weapons and the inability of local police to control the vast areas of wilderness have made poaching until recently a relatively safe and profitable businessi. Years of political chaos and violence have

left Uganda's once rich nature reserves virtu-IS CALL: ally depopulated of large beasts. Even in countries which have seen little political strife, such as Kenya, poachers sometimes enjoy the sympathy of local populations because wild animals are an economic threat to crops and domestic livestock. Zambia may be the first African country to reverse the trend. Aided by a \$3 million grant from the World Wildlife Fund (WWF), Zmmbia has doubled the number of wildlife guards, with mobile police reinforcements as well as aircraft, land vehicles and other support equipw being deployed



ed at five million five years ago, has **REDUCED:** Africa's elephant population, est been reduced almost entirely by poschers to 1.3 million. East Africa decided to wage 27 war against poachers to save wild animals.

sophisticated equipment. "They have the firepower to kill up to 600 elephants and 240 black rhinos every month. This would mean the annihilation of the black thino if we do not hit back."

IUCN/WWF have now earmarked \$600,000 for a wideranging package of conservation measures in East Africa, including the setting up of a new national park in the Sudan, fresh anti-poaching equipment for Tanzania and Kenya, and help with reestablishing Uganda's wildlife services. About half the money would go to the Sudan where the government set up a new 800-squarekilometer protected area for the white rhino.

A top priority has been given to reconstruction work in Uganda where, during the eight-year rule of Idi Amin and the anarchy following the war of liberation the country's wildflife resources were devastated,' says a spokesman for UICN/WWF. A grant of \$30,000 has now been made to support an adviser to the Uganda authorities seeking to rehabilitate the local conservation areas.

The rest of the money would go to Tanzania, Kenya and Madagascar for equipment and training in wildlife conservation. Tanzania is particularly worried about highly-

Diabetes: leading cause of death in U.S.

WASHINGTON (WP) - Sugar coating - the very words produce an image for most of us, of something yummay. But what if you thought of your blood cells as sugar coated? "Like a glazed donut," says Dr. Robert J. Tanenberg. And not just your blood cells, but your kidneys, liver, eyes, nerve cells ... and

Dr. Tanenberg, an internist specializing in endocrinology and diabetes control and a clinical assistant professor of medicine at Georgetown Medical Center, sees the ravages of diabetes in just that way. And if its 10 million estimated victims in this country could picture the "glazing" of their internal organs as vividly as does Tanenberg, he feels the often fatal complications of the disorder could be greatly lessened.

Until the 1920s, a diagnosis of diabetes was a death sentence. And a pretty swift one, at that. It is probably one of man's earliest afflictions. Its symptoms were described by Egyptians as early as 1500 B.C. No one knows what causes it, for sure, although some research indicates a viral connection. There is no cure, no way to prevent its onset.

With the discovery of insulin a mere half century ago, a diabetic could expect after long last a prolonged life. But even as life was extended, it became apparent that diabetics were prone at a much greater rate than the public at large to a series of complications, including: the gamut of vascular diseases strokes, heart attacks and poor circulation to extremities leading eventually to the dread gangrene, amputations, death; Blindness from a variety of eye disorders. Diabetes is the leading cause of new blindness in this country; Kidney failure; complications in pregnancy threatening both mother and infant.

Diabetes, apart from its complications, is the fifth leading cause of death in the United

jumps to third. Many specialists in the disease believe it need not be so devastating. It is, they believe — and Tanenberg is of this school - mostly a matter of control.

Of course, research into the cause of diab-etes and eventually its permanent control, even prevention, continues at a considerable pace, aided greatly by this decade's explosion of knowledge in cellular biology, biochemistry, endocrinology and all other details of the body's intricate physiological functions scien-tists are only just beginning to fathom.

And it is no real surprise that there has been controversy on treatment, in approaches to control and conflicting opinans as to why a given diabetic will be sus ible to a particular complication. More and more, though, says Tanenberg, evidence supports the thesis that it is the sugar coating itself — the elevated blood sugar, the blood cells and other internal workings glazed with sweetness — that wreaks the principal havoc.

It follows that tight control of the elevated blood sugar should avert the life-threatening complications. The prohlem for diabetes specialists always has been how to accomplish this control and how to provide a way for the patient to maintain it. Diabetes is chronic and capricious. In juveniles it is mostly a matter of a pancreas disorder in which not enough insulin is manufactured to properly process sugar in the system. Somehow the message to the pancreas, normally triggered by elevated blood sugar levels, is short-circuited.

In the kind of diabetes that occurs in later life, often in the obese, it has been found that the breakdown is in utilizing the insulin. Often weight loss will completely aleviate the problem. Some doctors, in fact, regard this disorder as somthing other than true diabetes. However, when weight is regained, blood sugar levels rise. Because the resulting damage is the same - no matter why it happens - specialists continue to regard this disorder as adult onset diabetes.

syringes were crude and measurements approximate. The parapheroalia for the sidebetic is now sophisticated and greatly sime plified. But until recently there has been noaccurate way to provide insulin at the moment it is really needed - when the blood sugar is high.

PAGE 5

Elaborate equipment exists, says Tanen-berg, but it is clumsy and expensive beyond the means of the average patient.

However, now there is a simple home blood test, called chemstrip, which can provided the needed information in minutes. Tanenberg, who used it with his patients on an experimental basis, found it particularly helpful for diabetics on insulin. For about 50 cents a shot, patients and physicians can keep a tight control with less fuss, fewer office visits and more successful results than had. been available before.

The kit, developed by Bio-Dynamics Inc., comes complete with a minuscule sterile sticker, alcohol, gauze and the chemically treated strip. In a virtually painless process. one drop of blood is obtained and spread on . the strip. After two simple procedures and a totalk elapsed time of two minutes, the strip. can be compared to a color chart and the blood sugar level accurately ganged. Then the precise dose of insulin may be given at the moment it is needed.

Monitoring is the basis of successful control of diabetes which is always a matter of keeping the system in proper balance. Tanenberg, also the physician-vice president of the American Diabetes Association, is engaged in a variety of activities designed to educate - both doctors and patients as well as families of diabetics. His own patients range in age from toddlers to nonogenerians. During summers he is a medical consultant to Camp Glyndon, a camp for diabetic children -and at times their families - in Maryland.

For information and literature write: American Diabetes Association, 2 Park Ave.,

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The campaign followed a report by IUCN/WWF: 'At least 10 gangs of poachers, with up to 26 mercenaries per gang, have descended on the Luangwa Valley, armed with AK-27 automatic rifles and other

organized poaching operations which have reduced the black rhino populations to about 1.000 in the Ruaha National Park and, even more serious, to less than 100 in the Screngeti. Ivory poachers are also taking a heavy toll in northern Tanzania.

Goodbye to bilingual teaching

By T.R. Reid Noel Epstein

WASHINGTON, (WP) - The Reagan Administration scrapped a controversial set of regulations that require schools to teach non-English-speaking students in their native languages.

Education Secretary Terrel Bell said be would replace the bilingual requirement with new regulations permitting local schools to decide themselves how best to educate students who cannot speak or read English. He said the government would still insist, though, that any school receiving federal funds - a category covering all public and many private schools - "provide equal edncational opportunity for ... children who face language barriers."

The regulations, proposed last August by his predecessor Shirley Hufstedler, were in limbo anyway because Congress had blocked their implementation, But Bell's decision will have substantive effect because it will permit some 500 large schools - which have about 90 per cent of the students affected by the rules - to revise commitments they have already made to set up bilingual teaching Drograms.

The most common alternative to bilingual teaching of basic courses will presumably be special training in English for students who cannot understand English-language teaching and textbooks. Educators who support this method say it is cheaper for schools and better for students in the long run because it forces them to learn the language most Americans use.

Bell's decision seems to reflect the new administration's oft-stated aversion to "perscriptive" regulations, in which the government directs how a particular result is to be achieved. Reagan's economic advisers say they prefer "result-oriented" regulation, in which Washington describes the desired result without prescribing the way to achieve

Hispanic leaders, who advocated compulsory bilingual education, responded angrily to Bell's message. "My god' said Rep.

Robert Garcia, Democrat, New York, "if this is the first major educational decision of the Reagan administration, then this country is in for absolute disaster." Ruben Bonilla, president of the League of United Latin American Citizents, called the decision "a very steep price to pay for having given the Republicans the strongest Hispanie vote in history." He was referring to Hispanie support for Reagan in the 1980 election.

The Education Department said late last year that there were about 3.5 million children in U.S. elementary and secondary schools who know too little English - the bureaucratic term is "limited-Englishproficient children" - to learn arithmetic, geography and other basics. About 70 per cent of them are Hispanic. The secondlargest group of children speaks Asian lan-guages - Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese and Cambodian.

Most of the children in this situation were born in the United States. To date, refugees and immigrants have been significant factors in only a few dozen of the nation's 16,000 public school districts.

The bilingual education controversy, which has generated thousands of pages of legal and regulatory argument over the past 15 years or so, stems from two words in the 1964 civil rights act — a provision banning discrimination on the basis of "national origin."

In a 1974 case brought in the name of Kinney Lau, a Chinese American student in the San Francisco public school, the Supreme Court said the term "national origin" included language, and thus schools were required to provide equal educational opportunity to students who cannot learn in English. The court specifically declined to say which method schools should use to meet that requirement.

A year later, the federal office of education. issued an "informal" document which pushed school districts toward the bilingual teaching approach. Hufstedler's proposed regulation last year carried on the thrust of that document.

Bell called the proposed rules "harsh, inflexible, burdensome, unworkable and incredibly costly." He said they would have cost school systems up to \$1 billion over the next five years.

The secretary said he would issue new regulations by June that will make it clear that his department intends to be "pretty loose" about the methods schools use in the future to provide equal opportunity to non-English speakers.

Bell also said he would work to change the Bilingual Education Act, which provides grants to help local schools meet the goal. At present, grants go mainly to schools that institute native-language programs for basic COULSES.

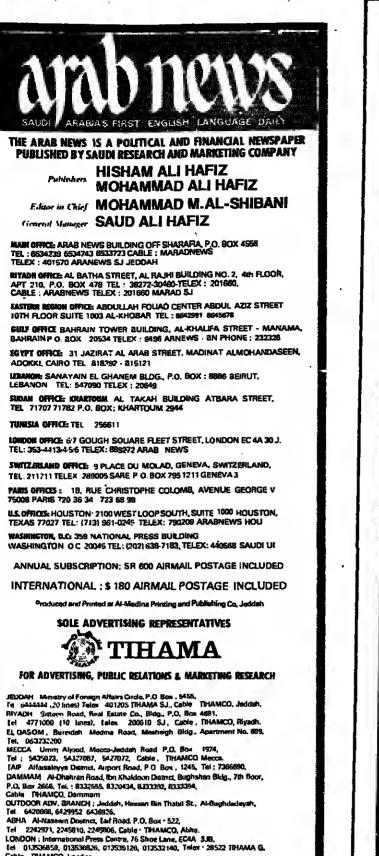
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Signifying the importance of good relations with the Kingdom the new American Secretary of State Alexander Haig has requested Ambassador John West to stay



arab news

Warren Christopher's testimony on hostage agreement

(EDITOR'S NOTE: Following is the testimony of Warren Christopher, U.S. deputy secretary of state. before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee Feb. 1981, on the Algiers de is and the ne ations which led up to the release of the 52 American hostages held in Iran. Christopher was the U.S. negotiator with the Algerians and also signed the bostage agreement). I appreciate your invitation to appear before the committee to discuss the declarations of Algiers and the related undertakings, and the negotiations which led up to the release of the 52 American hostages detained in Iran. Background Let me begin by a briet indication of the background of the declarations of Algiers. While efforts to obtain the release of the hostages were pursued through many channels from the outset of their captivity, the immediate precursor of the negotiations that led to the Algiers declaradons was an overture we received in September 1980. On Sept. 9, we received a message from the Federal Republic of Germany that a senior Iranian official wished to meet with a U.S. representative under German auspices. To authenocute their approach, the Iranians gave us an advance indication of the four points regarding the release of the hostages which were publicly announced in the Ayatollah Khomeini's speech on Sept 12. At Presi dent Carter's direction, 1 mc1 with the Iranian official in Booo, in the presence of Foreign Minister Genscher, on Sept. 16 and 18. Preparadons for these cunfidential meetings were made by a U.S. group which continued to funcdon right up to the final release of the hostages. The basic framework of the U.S. position as conveyed to the Iramians in Bonn in September is clearly reflected in the declarations of Algiers. The September meetings with the Iranian official were promising, but the outbreak of the Iraq-Iran war sidetracked our plans to meet again. Nevertheless, a special committee of the Iranian parliament, which had been set up to deal with the hostage problem at the time of the initiative in Germany, continued to function, and ir made its report to the parliament on Oct. 28. The parliament's resolutions adopted on Nov. 2 amplified the four Khomeini points, although in an ambiguous and confusing manner. At thos time Iran asked Algiers to deliver th parliament's resolution to the United States and, for the first ome, asked Algeria to act as "intermediary." We furnished the Algerians the initial U.S. position on Nov. 8 and, following an Iranian response, we furnished answers of the United States and comments thereon to the Algerians on Dec. 2. Iran's response on Dec. 19, asking for a total of \$24 billion in guarantees was, to put it mildly. a setback. At this point, in an artempt to bring the negotiations into focus, we reformulated the position of the parties as a series of interdependent commitments made between the United States and Iran to the government of Algeria. This reformulation was taken to Tehran by the Algerian team in early January, and it became the basis of the final negotiations leading up rbc declarations of Algiers.

I would like to address each of these points briefly in my testimony. (No Apology)

wealth of the tormer Sbah and his tamily. The demand was pressed even more vigorously after the death of the Shah in August 1980. Indeed, as recently as Dec. 19, 1980 Iran was demanding the establishmeot by the U.S. of a \$10 billion guarantee fund to insure the return of the Shah's wealth. During the negotiations, the U.S. never deviated from the position that under our system of government. the transfer of privale property from one party to another can be ordered only pursuant to procedures which afford due process of law. Late in the negotiations Iran finally accepted that principle, and it is built into the declarations. As a result, the Shah's estate and his close relatives will have full protection of due process of law with respect to claims against their properties by Iran. Under the declarations (Paras. 12-15) the U.S. has. agreed to take certain actions in connection with any lawsmis brought by tran regarding the Shah's wealth, but these commitments are carefully limited. The commitment to probibit the transfer of Shah-related property will arise only when Iran has filed a lawsuit against, and served legal process upon, an individual who is alleged to be a elose relative of the Shah; only then will his U.S. property be temporarily frozen. Such a freeze order will remain in effect only until the litigadon is terminated as to any such defendant. The likelihood is that, even in the absence of such a freeze order, a court would place approximately the same restrictions on the property by judicial order. Similarly, the requirement for the disclosure of infor madon regarding the property of the former Shah or his family arises only upon the commencement of litigation and the proper service of defendants. Once a close relative of the Shah has thus been served in litigation, persons with informatioo about property of his in the U.S. will be required to report it to the Treasury, but the information to be furnished to the Treasury would be available to a plaintiff in any event under oormal civil "discovery" pro-The other provisions of the basic declaration regarding the property of the Shah or his close relatives are in accord with existing U.S. law, and they fully protect the rights of e defendants. The United States refused to return the Shah to Iran prior to bis death, and it has also steadfastly refused to confiscate and transfer his U.S. assets insisting instead of the maintenance of the constitutional requirements of due process of law.

ognized that some U.S. claimants would probably challeage the president's authority to proceed in this way, and the attorney general was of course closely consulted on the question. The attorney general's opinion of Jan. 19, 1981, reviews the legal issues with care and comes to the clear conclusion that the president was fully authorized to bring this Claims Settlement Program into existence as he tild. Without going into detail, that authority derives from the president's constitutional power to conduct foreign relations under Article II and from the authority conferred upon him by two statutes and a 1955 treaty with Iran. I was advised before the declarations of Algiers were initialed that the Department of Justice expected to be able to defeat all challenges to be president's authority to enter into these arrangements One of the questions rai of with respect to these arrangements relates to the U.S. agreement to waive all damage claims by the hostages and their families against tran. In evaluating the wisdom of that waiver, two factors should be kept in mind. First, most of the lawyers who have evaluated these potential damage claims agree that in all probability a statute coacted by Congress in 1976, the Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act, precludes the U.S. courts from hearing any such claims (because, among other reasons, they are based on torts committed outside the U.S.). Ioother words, the claims are probably without any real financial value. Second, it is quite clear that the release of the hostages could oor have been achieved as it was without a waiver of the elaims. In our consultadons with the families of the hostages, most of them had indicated that they tid oot want the release of the hostages to he delayed by damage considerations. On this hasis President Carter decided to waive the claims, but he also established a special commission to make recommendations to the new administration and the Coogress as to how the hostages should be compensated for their oideal. I have every confidence that the American people will see to it that fair compensation is forthcoming. Conclusion This concludes my discussion of the "four corners" of the settlement agreements (the two declarations and the ondertakings). Allowing for my bias, il is my conviction that it is a good agreement and that the carrying out of the unexecuted portions of the agreemcot would be in the best interests of the United States and its citizens without regard to broader considerations such as U.S. foreign policy and our reputation for keeping our commitments. These broader considerations, which must be weighed in the scale, provide strong odthitional reasons for carrying out the declarations of Algiers. Those declarations were cegotiated in good faith with the full authority of and with the active participation of the president of the United States. The United States adherence to the declaradons was based upon the opinion of the attorney general that the declarations are binding commitments of the United The declarations of Algiers were achieved through the active participation of a number of loreign governments who gave their assistance of foreign governments who gave their assistance on the premise that the Uoited States was acting in good faith. Algiers' skillful and dedicated performance of its role as intermediary was absolutely dispensable to a resolution of the crisis: I have no doubt that without Algeria's participation as intermediary, the hostages would not have emerged from their chasm of fear. The most senior officials of the United Kingdom were aware of the important role of the Bank of England, and facilitated 0 as appropriate. The Federal Republic of Germany played an active part as intermediary in September and October of 1980 in meetings which developed the general framework of the settlement ulomately reached, and they have continued to provide welcome counsel. Throughout the negotiations, the Swiss represented our interests in Tehran with great vigor and fidelity. Literally dozens of other nations aided in efforts to commence or pursue negotiations for the release of the hostages Against this background, repudiation of the declaracions of Algiers, in whole or in part, would be regarded not only as a violation of our commitments to tran hut also as a breach of taith with Algeria, the United Kingdom, West Germany, Switzerland, and with many other countries that sought to help us achieve the release of the hostages through negotiations. Such action would have, to understate the matter, a damaging effect on our international reputation and standing which would linger a long time and interfere with our capacity to carry out foreign policy.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1981

Saudi Arabian **Press Review**

The weekend newspapers mostly led with Swedish King Karl Gustav's visil to Saudi Arabia beginning Friday. In a lead story, Al Biled said King Khaled and King Gustav would discuss the means of reinforcing bilateral relations. while Ohz led with a report on the Good Office Committee meeting in Saudi Arabia late this month to strive to settle the Iraq-Iran dispute. Al Medina gave lead prominence to a statement by Minister of Industry and Electric-ity Dr. Ghazi Algosaibi, in which be said that the Gulf Cooperation Council would give a new spur to the conomic and industrial cooperation among the states of the Gulf. The Palestinian Central Council's discussion in Damascus on conscription for oll Palestinians formed the beadline story in Al Yom while Al Riyadh reported in its lead that the issue of the Jordanian diplomat's kidnapping in Beirut would be settled within the framework of a tripartite agreement between Lebanon, Syria and Jordan.

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Okaz gave front-page treatment to opress statement by U.S. Ambassador to the Kingdom John West, who said there could be no peace without a solu don to the Palestine and Jerusalem issue, and that the Islamic summit conterence was a big step toward boosting peace efforts in the region. Al Medine frontpaged a report oo the expulsion of 20 East Germans working in the field of education m Somalia. Al Yow highlighted trag's reported intendon to train all Iraci nationals oo carrying the arms and to create

a popular army of 250,000 persons. Newspaper editorials commented on a variety of subjects of Arah and international concern. They said the central idea behind the Gulf cooperatioo is to create a unity in the future, as all the components of unity, includ-ing geography, heritage, economy, trade and social tradidoss, are available in the region. Some newspapers dealt with the Middle East situadon and the European stance. urging the European states to take a firm initiative to ensure peace on the basis of right and justice to the people of Palestine. They also called upon the Arabs to take an initiative that influences the European policy and warns Europe against the grave risks emanating from their

slackness toward the Arab cause. In an editorial, Al Medina said the creation of the Guld Cooperation Council would result in a stronger cooperation and coordination among the states of the Gulf in the industrial field. The industrial activity in this region would have to be pushed forward since the region presently depends on imports from other countries. The paper said the Gulf states would have to intensify their activity in the field of construction and petrochemicals for which they possess enough raw materials. It reiterated that the success of these states in the field of coordination would generate a confidence that bas been missing in the fields of industrial and commercial cooperation. The paper added that the Arah states of the Galf would provide a practical

example of cooperation for all Arab states. On the same subject, Al Jazirah noted that the main idea behind the Gulf cooperation is to create a unity in the future stage. It added that a unified Gulf Arab entity would out only respond to the wishes of the Gulf peoples but would also be an answer to the nature of the age in which we find bigger states creating their weight and influence on world events. A practical project, like the Gulf Cooperation Council, transforms the peoples' dreams into a tangible reality, said the paper, adding that it would help in exploiting the great many potentialities for further development and progress of the region. Brushing aside some bosole media claim that the council would create a thaw between its richer and poorer members, the paper noted with a firm conviction that the oil states of the Gulf have played a pioneering role in assisting the poorer states economically as well as finaocially. It described this assistance as a moral obligation created by a sense of responsibility toward the Arab states which do not have the oil wealth.

On the other hand, Okaz dwelled on the Middle East situation and urged the Europ : an states to adopt a lasting stance so they are able to contribute effectively to the process of an actual peace based oo justice and the restoration of the legitimate right to the people of Palestine.

on the job until his successor is ready to come out here. The post is much too valuable for Saudi Arabian-U.S. relations to remain vacant for some time, the message implied and the Reagan administration means to maintain at that level.

West and his predecessor James Akins have rightly elevated the friendship of Saudi Arabia to one of the highest levels in an attempt to bring to the American public the indispensable service that Saudi Arabia is providing not only for the U.S., but for the world as a whole through various acts of wisdom and moderation.

But these services could easily be undermined and the Saudi Arabian government becomes alienated if the U.S. administration continues to succumb to the pressures of the Zionist lobby which operates, against the interest of the United States, for those of the Zionist state. Yesterday a majority of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee expressed "their concern" about the possible sale of the accessories for the F-15 fighter planes bought by Saudi Arabia, Eight of the 15 members said in a letter to Reagan that" we recognize the security of Saudi Arabia is important to the U.S., but our interests in the region could be jeopardized were we to upset the regional balance of power." Is that right? Additional bomb racks and fuel tanks to the three score fighter planes, not yet even delivered can scarcely upset the regional balance of power; or match Israel's 500 U.S. supplied fighter planes, with more advanced technology and killing power.

The senators have decided that a country which has fought to keep the oil prices from soaring toward \$50 a barrel, by charging less than anybody else, and by pumping over 10 million barrels a day for the benefit of mankind, is a serious security risk that might upset the regional balance of power. The senators have indicated that the present balance of power, ought to remain in favor of Israel, even though antagonizing some of America's best and most valuable friends. It doesn't matter that Israel costs the U.S. more than \$ 3 billion a year to sit tight on the territories of four Arab states. But would it be too risky to supply the Kingdom with bomb racks and fuel tanks for its defense?

Reagan has indicated that his foreign policy will be more pragmatic than that of his predecessor who, in his hour of need for Jewish votes, promised not to deliver the additional equipment, forgetting too all that Saudi Arabia has done for America and the world during his term of office.

But there are limits to what even the best of friends can take. And there are alternatives which American statesmanship would do well to recognize and appreciate. The Arabs are already despairing of the seemingly absolute American support for Israel even while it violates some of America's own cherished principles.

Rubbing salt into the old wounds of friends will arouse their full furry and will hurt the same American interests that the senators are afraid now may be jeopardized by the sale of a few racks and fuel tanks.

Summary of results Through the long agony of the holding of the hostages in Iran, the United States held firm to two basic principles: - that we would work unceasingly for the prompt and

safe return of the hostages, and that our efforts must be fully consistent with our national interests and national honor.

The declaradons of Algiers, which brought about the safe release of the hostages, are faithful to these principles. In summary, onder the terms of the two declarations (sometimes referred to as the basic declaration and the Claims Settlement Declaration), the following are the net results:

I. The United States has not apologized to Iran. II. The United States has not paid tansom to lian; on the contrary, the only funds to be paid to fran are those owned by Irao, and substantial amounts of Iranian finds are to be held to pay U.S. claims.

lift. The United States has not taken sides or compromised its non-involvement in the Iran-Iran conflict. IV. The Shah was not returned to Iran, and Iran's claims to the property of the Shah and his family will be full accordance with due process of law.

An international arbitral tribunal, backed up by a \$1 hillion security fund, will be set up in order to hear and pay the cummercial claims of U.S. citizens against Iran.

documents contain any provision which constitutes an apology by the United Stales. The non-intervention pledge in Point 1 of the basic declaration is merely a eiteration of existing U.S. policy when it states that "it is and from now on will be the policy of the United States not to intervene" in Iran's internal affairs.

During the negodations, Iran sought to have the non-Intervention pledge stated solely in prospective terms i.e., "from now on will be." That formulation was apparently intended to imply that the United States was changing its policy in return for the release. That formuladon was rejected, and the resulóng formulation represents no more than a reiteration of frequently-stated, current U.S. policy.

Π. (No Rainsom)

Under the deelarations, the release of the hostages occurred without the payment of any lunds or property of the United States or of U.S. nationals. The only funds or roperties which are required to be paid over to Iran are anian funds or properties which were frozen by the Nov. 14, 1979 order of the presideot. These provisions are in ordance with the basic principle of the declaration that the parties will work toward the testoration of the financial situation which existed prior to the freeze order. In this connection, it should be remembered that the conomic sanctions imposed on Iran exacted a heavy price in terms of the isolation of Iran and the disruption of its

Two categories of Iran's assets - those in the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and those of foreign branches of U.S. banks - were paid into escrow in the Bank of England, and it was of course this payment which "triggered" the release of the hostages. It is significant that only about 36 per cent of the funds and securides required to be paid into the escrow were then actually paid over to tran. Specifically, of the \$7.955 billion required to be paid into the Bank of England escrow, \$3.67 hillion was used to pay off debts of Iran to U.S. banks, \$1.4 billion was retained in the escrow accouor for the purpose of paying mounts disputed by the U.S. hanking institutions or by Iran in connection with the loans and deposits, and only the remainder | approximately \$2.88 billion) was paid ro

Although other categories of Iran's assets are required ulomately to be transferred to Iran - namely (a) Iran's assets in U.S. branches of U.S. baoks; (b) Iran's financia assets held in U.S. non-banking insolutions in the U.S. and abroad and (C) Iran's other property beld in the U.S. or abroad - \$1 billion of those Iranian assets will be placed in a security account to he used for the purpose of paving U.S. claims in "accordance with the claims settlement procedures which I will describe in a moment. Since only Iranian funds were involved in the release of

the hostages, it is plain that no ransom was paid. Ш.

(Non-Involvement in Iraq-Iran Conflict) Since the outbreak of the Iraq-Iran war on Sept. 22, 1980, fears have been expressed that, in connection with the release of the hostages, the U.S. might agree to undertake a new military supply relationship with Iran or ro deliver a large amount of war material to Iran. To have done so would have brought charges that the U.S. has taken sides in the wat, and compromised its position of non-involvement. Fortunately, the declaradons permit the United States to maintain its position of noninvolvement in the way. The United States is neither committed to undertake a new military supply reladonship with Iran not to turn over a large amount of war materials. Indeed, the declarations contain no reference at all to military supplies or war materials.

In connection with the ongoing requirement that the U.S. transfer Iranian properties in the U.S. to Iran (less\$1 billion to secure U.S. claims), the non-involvement position of the U.S. is fully protected by the provision that the transfer is "subject to the provisions of U.S. law applicable prior to Nov. 14, 1979," which means that the usual export and munitions controls will apply to transfer of property to Iran. This will enable the U.S. to insure that any mansfers made do not result in the U.S."taking sides" or otherwise becoming involved in the conflict. ĪV

(No Confiscation of Shah's Assets) Throughout the crisis, Iran insisted on a return of the

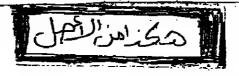
(Claims Settlement Procedure) One of the most challenging issues throughout the negotiations was to provide o suitable method for U.S. nationals to pursue their commercial claims against Iran, while responding to Iran's demand for the return of its frozen assets and a nullification of U.S. claims encumbering those assets. In order to reach agreement with Iran as to how U.S. claims would be validated and paid, it was essential to provide for a special impartial forum.

This issue was resolved through the establishment of the "Iran-United States Claims Tribunal," as provided for in the Claims Settlement Declaration. As is customary with such international tribunals, one third of the members of the Iran-U.S. Tribunal will be appointed by the U.S., one third will be appointed by Iran, and one third will be neutral. The iribunal will function in accordance with the uses of the U.N. Commission on International Trade Law.

One of the most significant features of the basic declaration is its establishment of a security account for the sole purpose of paying awards made by the tribunal against Iran. An initial deposit of \$t hillion will come from tran's deposits in U.S. branches of U.S. banks. Moreover, the security account will operate under the "bottomless pilcher" concept, in that tran is required to maintain a inimum balance of \$500 million in the account.

Once the two sides had agreed to establish the foregoing mechanism for validating and paying U.S. claims, it became possible for the U.S. to agree to require such claimants to move their claims from the U.S. courts to the new forum and give up any judicial attachments on Iranian properties in the U.S. It should be noted, however, that U.S. claimants generally should be significantly better off with the new program than they were before the hos-tage crisis arose. Prior to the crisis, most of Iran's assets in the U.S. were protected by Iran's sovereign immunity, and for that and other reasons U.S. claimants would have faced great difficulty in actually collecting on their claims. Now, by contrast, tran has committed itself to let the claims be both litigated hefore the special tribunal and paid from the bottomless pitcher.

In agreeing to this Claims Settlement Program, we reo-



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Swedish King Carl and Queen Silvia with their children.

Swedish royalty begins a 'voyage of discovery'

By Nigel Harvey

STOCKHOLM - Sweden's royal couple emerge from their private apartment in Stockholm's 18th century royal palace through engraved doors into the elegant "yellow room of its official half with a large friendly black dog at their heels which breaks the ice. King Carl XVI Gustav and Queen Silvia. young, and enormously popular in their social democratic realm, combine the dignity of their position with an almost informal, though Nordie atmosphere to ease us into the audience, a rare privilege for journalists. The royal couple settle well apart on a long four-person sofa to the discrete flickering of flashguns, Though many Swedes proudly point to the relative ordinariness of their royal couple, they also avidly follow the details of their lives.

The five-day state visit to Saudi Arabia is the royal couple's first venture into the Middle East. King Carl says he is looking forward very much to what should be an interesting and fruitful visit. Good relations with Saudi Arabia go back many years, he says, and there are many projects he's interested to see. "Junderstand there are no problems between the countries," he says, adding that the accompanying Foreign Minister, Ola Ullsten, will be able to hold substantive discussions with his opposite number, Prince Saud Al Falsal, thereby strengthening the relations. "Of course," he adds in slow deliberate

"Of course," he adds in slow deliberate English, "I hope that when one has started to make contact, may be there will be other opportunities to take up subjects of further corputate cooperation in technology of industrial matters." One early suggestion was that the King should be on hand to open next month's Swedish technical week in Riyadh, although the idea was soon dropped. But Swedish businessmen hope the visit will prove something of a curtain raiser, and help boost trade with their main oil supplier and largest market outside the OECD.

While the royal couple's press attache can only think of one major government formality left that actually requires the Swedish head of state's signature — accreditation and posting of ambassadors — King Carl works a regular 9 to 5 day at the Stockholm Palace for his Kr 8 million annual government stipend. He coordinates replies to the hundred odd letters daily flooding the couple and manages the three dozen palace staff. He holds a few audiences daily and is frequently out opening schools, inspecting factories or attending conferences.

Queen Silvia keeps the first few morning hours free for the children but joins the King at work for the rest of the day, according to the press attache, Mrs. Tarras Wahlberg. They lunch en familie if free, from 1-2 p.m. and are joined once a week by their senior staff. Half the week's evenings are taken up with official functions. That night it was a Swedish Travellers Club dinner, lecture and an exhibition on a recent four month scienufic exped on to the north pole to celebrate the 100th anniversary of Swedish explorer Nordeskjold's journey to the north-west passage. King Carl joined the team on their icebreaker vessel for a while.

The King meets the cabinet in full every two months or so and the prime minister is supposed to keep him abreast of parliamentary activity. Queen Silvia is president of the King and Queen's Wedding Foundation, a charity they set up which focuses on sport fur the handicapped.

The children are still to young for official occasions. King Carl is keen on exercise and sport, he says. He hunts and fishes, skis in the winter and sails in the summer when he joins the annual race round Gotland island. He speaks highly of the Swedish tennis superstar and three times Wimhledon champion, Bjorn Borg. "He's very much a pure Swede. I think he's 100 per cent representative, "the King said. "Very clean and a strong personality, because it's a very difficult sport and you have to be strong to exert the self control." The King, an Admiral of the Navy and General of both the Army and the Air Force, was groomed for his role with working stints with the government, the foreign ministry including a spell with the U.N. mission, a London bank, and private industry. He is also an active farmer at his Stenhammar estate, west of Stockholm. Since the government recently effectively abolished private education in Sweden by withdrawing government subsidies, the two children are expected to go to an ordinary government school near a new palace, Drottningholm Slot, being built for the family near Stockholm. King Carl was asked if had a goodwill mes-

sage to send Sandi reporters away with. Since relations with the two countries are "as good as possible" be hoped for a peaceful 1981.

This Saudi trip is one of only one or two a year and so for Sweden a major event. If the countries are friendly hnt different, King Carl noted one surprising connection.

The program is tight for the three full days and was already fixed two weeks ago when the audience took place. It naturally includes ceremonial receptions and extended meetings with King Khaled, Crown Prince Fahd and Prince Saud Al Faisal, among others. Their majesties will also meet the Swedish community and visit Riyadh's King Faisal hospital, Dhahran's University of Petroleum and Minerals and new Swedish-huilt 7,000 cow carry m Kharj, the Kingdom's biggest. A traditional tented bedouin feast outside Riyadh is a more unusual item for them and scheduled for Sunday night, though when we met they had little idea what it might be like. Queen salvie said that it win be a "tonliy new event." A sparkling personality has made the 37-year-old Heidlberg-born German commoner popular in her new country since the royal marriage four and a half years ago. The romance has itself long entered Swedish folklore, especially after King Carl coined the phrase "royal click" to describe their first meeting during the 1972 Munich Olympics where Miss Silvia Sommerlath was the chief hostess.

King Carl, however, is the family cook when time allows, "a connoisseur," her majesty assures us. He also enthuses about the desert dinner: "I'm looking forward to the traditional gathering. You get an understanding of more of the habits of different people."

He draws strong parallels between the Saudi taste for desert life and the Swedish one for the outdoors and camping. "I think it's a nice way of life," he says, adding that he's a nature enthusiast and a strong supporter of the Boy Scouts movement.

Asked about her ideas of Arab women

Queen Silvia says she has none in advance and is looking forward very much to the opportunity of talking to them and learning about the country. She speaks five languages and grew up in South America.

PAGE 7

King Carl says that beyond strengthening, relations, an important part of a visit is to help people understand each other more. He admits to little Saudi knowledge but hopes for more after the visit.

He also points out that a group of Swedish journalists will be with him. Reporters specially with the high access and interesting content of a state visit, "can see things, maybe meet people and try to understand the atmosphere, traditions and religion of your country." They should then be "ahle to bring it hack to Sweden," he says. "I think that's a change of understanding between countries." He hered the reporter model works excert

He hoped the reporters would make good use of the opportunity, though one Swedish, businessman I spoke to in Stockholm was so fearful of an unsympathetic press that he hoped that a threatened national Swedish journalists strike would indeed prevent all of them from coming.

The contrasts between Sweden and Sandi Arabia, however, are glaring. While Saudi Arabia retains its social traditions, Sweden is probably the most progressive western-style liberal state.

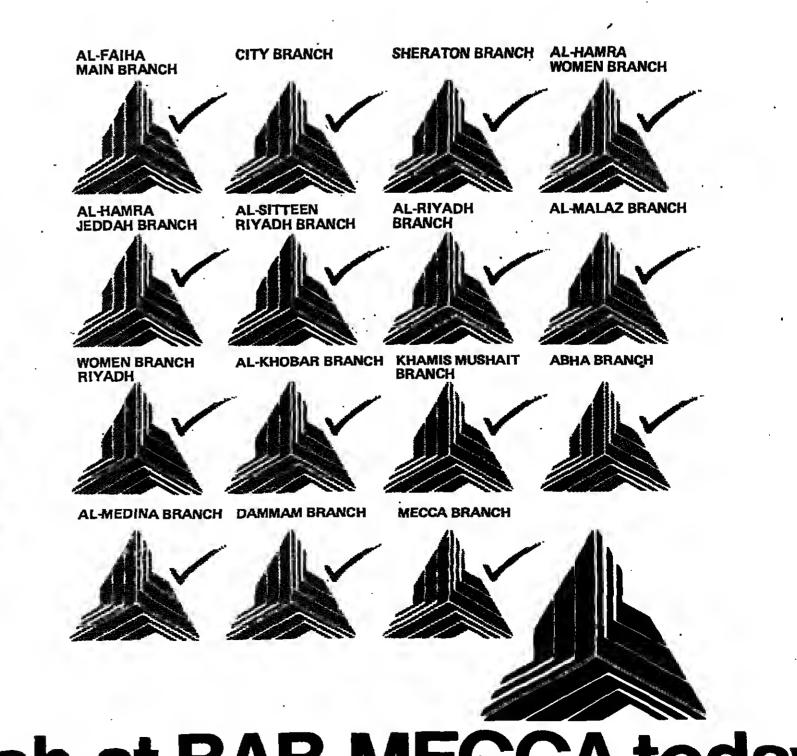
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At Bulawayo camp Soviet arms seized from Nkomo troops

BULAWAYO, Feb. 20 (AP) - Zimbabwe national army troops have confiscated Soviet-made tanks, field guns and armored personnel carriers held by Joshua Nkomo's former guerrillas at a camp southeast of here, military sources said.

The troops of the former white-minority government commandeered the military gear in a peaceful Thursday operation ordered by Prime Minister Robert Mugabe, the sources said, and took it to Brady barracks just out-

side Bulawayo. Some 250 former guerrillas of the Zimoabwe People's Revolutionary Army (ZIPRA) loyal : to Nkomo have been stationed at Eseokale, about 40 kms southeast of here, with Soviet-made equipment shipped into the country from neighboring Zambia during the seven-year war for Zim-



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Nkomo, Mugabe's junior partner in the coalition government and minister without portfolio, commanded during the war a guerrilla army from the local Matabele people. Mugabe, who came to power in Britishsupervised elections in February 1980 after the war against nine decades of white rule, commanded the Zimbabwe African National Liberation Army (ZANLA) made up of fighters from the majority Shona tribe.

The two forces, though politically and tribally divided, fought the war against the former Rhodesian government under a loose alliance called the Patriotic Front to bring about black-majority rule. But peacetime relations between the former guerrilla armies have been hostile.

The rival forces battled each other last week in four camps around the country against a backdrop of mounting unrest among ZIPRA guerrillas angered by the demotion of their leader, Nkomo, in a cabinet shuffle announced by Mugabe last month.

The fighting was ended with an assault on two camps by white-officered national army battalions which fought for Rhodesia during the war and are awaiting integration with the guerrillas into a new national force.

But at Essexvale ZIPRA guerrillas remained encamped with six Soviet made T-54 tanks, several armored personnel carriers and field guns. A truce was reached last week between rival guerrilla commanders on the condition that the fighters be moved away from cities to separate camps in the countryside. Thursday's move was seen as a further effort to disarm the dissident elements.

A five-vehicle armored column dispatched from Esservale to reinforce ZIPRA guerrillas in Bulawayo at the height of the fighting in the middle of last week was wiped out by armored cars of the former Rhodesian forces - all white-officered - just south of here.

Japanese child dies of alcohol poisoning

SHINJI, Feb. 20 (AFP) - A three-yearold girl died of acute alcohol poisoning in this north Japanese town after drinking about 150 c.c. (about one quarter of a pint) of sake (rice wine), police said Thursday.

Yoriko Kurita, second daughter of restaurant owner Hisazo Kurita, sat in her grandmother's lap and shared the sake her father had prepared for guests at the family home last Monday night. Next morning she was found in bed trembling and foaming at the mouth. She was rushed to hospital, where she died of kidney damage, I acute bronchitis and shock from alcohol poisoning.

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RETURNING TO CAMP: Armed ZIPRA men loyal to Zimbabwe Cabinet Min Joshua Nkomo return to their Entumbane camp after they were disarmed by white-officered national army battalions last week.

Thailand's charge Soviet presence in Vietnam shows 'startling increase'

BANGKOK, Feb. 20 (AP) - Thailand's national security chief has charged that the Soviet Union had substantially increased its arms and aid supplies to Vietnam, and was seeking to establish military bases in Kampuchea and Laos.

The secretary general of the national security council, squadron leader Prasong Soonsin, told the Foreign Correspondent club of Thailand Thursday that Soviet assistance to Vietnam was currently running at \$6 million per day -- double the previous Western estimates.

He said that after the one-month border war between Vietnam and China two years ago, Moscow sent huge support in aid arms to Vietnam, He estimated that Soviet assistance had increased from \$3.5 million or \$4 million per day to \$6 million per day, within 12 or 18 months

He said that the continued occupation of Kampuchea by Vietnamese forces and the Vietnamese military presence in Laos had permitted the establishment of an increased Soviet presence in those countries and in Vietham itself. "The gains that Moscow has made in the past five years have almost certainly been worth the cost of supporting the Vietnamese economy and war machine," he said.

"Moscow's support of (Vietnamese) military aggression, and its efforts to expand fts own military and naval presence by the establishment of bases and installations in Vietnam and Kampuchea has increased the tension in southeast Asia, said Prasong.

He later clarified this remark by saying that Soviet engineers were building up the Kampuchean port of Kompong Som and restoring roads and communications between the port and the Kampuchean capital of Phnom Penh. Vietnam has 200,000 troops in Kam-

puchea where it installed a pro-Hanoi regime during an invasion two years ago, and about 40,000 troops in Laos. Vietnam has acknowledged that the Soviets have been building up Vietnamese military installations at Cam Ranh Bay and Da Nang, and has denied they are for use as Soviet bases.

However, Prasong said that the development of naval bases in Vietnam and Kampuches coincided with a "startling increase" of Soviet aircraft and naval ships in the area since 1975. He linked these events to what he called a "major power vacuum" created by the withdrawal of Western forces from the southeast Asian area.

Prasong reiterated the Thai government's commitment to a U.N.-sponsored international conference on Kampuchea and rejection of a recent proposal of Vietnam for a conference between Communist Indochina and the non-Communist states of southeast Asia.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1981

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For heart-to-heart talks Suzuki to meet Reagan

TOKYO, Feb. 20 (AP) - Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki said Friday he would hold talks with President Ronald Reagan and other U.S. leaders in Washington around May 7 and 8. Interviewed by Fuji Television, Suzuki said the domestic and foreign policies of the new Reagan administration "have begun to take firm shape" and he is eager to meet the U.S. president for "heart-to-heart talks on bilateral and international problems."

Earlier in the day Chief Cabinet Minister Kiichi Miyazawa, said the schedule of the prime minister's visit to Washington, his first since assuming office last July, has been worked out except for a few minor details still to be discussed with Washington.

Meanwhile, in a Diet (parliament) session, Foreign Minister Masayoshi Ito said the auto issue is certain to come up when he travels to Washington for top-level talks beginning March 21. Ito said Suzuki had told him to work toward resolving the problem of the flood of Japanese auto imports into the United States before the prime minister's May visit to Washington.

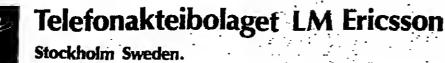
Ito said it would be a "lack of policy" for Japan to allow the auto issue to become a political problem. He said that every effort must be made to prevent trade problems from being linked to the issue of Japan's defense spending.



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TURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1981

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·eapy ormer pilot says anagua aids Salvador rebels

AN SALVADOR, Feb. 20 (Agencies) former pilot for Nicaragua's national airsaid Thursday night he flew to El Salor with arms for leftist guerrillas twice. that top Nicaraguan leaders, including rior Minister Tomaa Borge, knew of and ped guide the operations. There was oo nediate response from Nicaragua's Saoist government.

, ne pilot, Julio Santiago Romero Taladwho was arrested Jan. 24 on a clandesairstrip, here, appeared oo a national wised broadcast. He said Borge and araguan air force directors participated in ming the airlift of arms to leftist Salvado-Guerrillas.

omero Taladera said he flew in arms Jan. and planned to rescue two Nicaraguan is mared in a previous flight, but in this ement, the oaturalized Costa Rican said ad flown an early flight here Jan. 13, in a araguan air force craft, and oot in a pri-: plane.

le added that all the arrangements for s from Nicaragua here were spearheaded by a man he identified as Costa Rican Feroando Carrasco.

He said airports in the Nicaraguan cities of Monte Limar, Leon and Augusto Cesar Sandino international airport in Managua were being used for arms flights here. He said he had also seen at the Managua airport arms arrive on Cuhan flights — flights received by Nicaraguan officials.

The United States has accused the Soviet Unioo and Cuha of using Nicaragua as a staging spot for arms deliveries to leftists here, but the Communist nations have denied that, as has Nicaragua.

Leftist Salvadoran leaders, meanwhile, charged that 100 U.S. military advisers are masterminding a counter-insurgency plan to "cut off the head" of the leftist sectors in El Salvador. The Salvadoran junta and U.S. embassy sources denied the accusation.

The Democratic Revolutionary Front, a coalitioo of leftists who want to set up a Marxist government, claimed in a communique to news media that the "shameful aid from Washington" had "ohliged the junta to turn schools into barracks." The front said the U.S. attitude should remind the world of what happened "IN Victoam."

meanwhile, American attempts to persuade European governments that the ruling junta in El Salvador must be defended against leftist guerrillas could mark the end of President Rooald Reagan's honeymooo with American allies, diplomatic sources said in Washington Friday. They were commenting on a tour of Europeao capitals, ending in bonn Friday, by Reagan's designated deputy secretary of state for European affairs, Lawrence Eaglehurger.

His mission appeared to confirm that the new U.S. tough line policy in Latin America would strongly affect its relations with west European allies, the sources said. In talks this week in Paris, Brussels, London and Bonn, Eagleburger ran into European caution on the issue of aiding the Salvadoran junta.

He decided to return to honn Friday to meet West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Geoscher on Genscher's return from Pakistan. The American position has been that in El Salvador it is supporting a reformist government under attack from extreme leftists, backed by the Soviet union and Cuha.

Most of the European governments appear to view the juota as a classic military dictatorship opposed by an oppressed populatioo suffering from social iojustice. Some of them, particularly Social Democrats, fear that the Reagan administratioo in the name of anticommunism is trying to drag America's allies ioto another Viemam.

2 West Germans held in Bombay on tip-off

NEW DELHI, Feb. 20 (AP) - Two West Germans, one of whom is wanted in connection with a bank robhery io West Berlin, have been arrested in the western port city of Bombay by Indian police, news reports said Friday. Police said that Werner Voigt and his girl friend, Anna Weise, were detained last Tuesday and that the pair did not possess valid travel documents,

A police spokesmao told reporters in Bombay that the detentioos followed a tipoff from Interpol, the international police ageocy, about Voigt. The 30-year-old man is waoted by West Berlin police in connection with a bank robbery last year in which one person was killed and about \$230,000 stolen. Voigt allegedly supplied a machine pistol used by another man in the holdup.



PAT FROM PRESIDENT: President Ronald Reagan por ands on the window of Marine One after landing at Andrews Air Force Base Thursday. President Reagan was trying to get the attention of the pilot to thank him for the trip from the White House. The president will spend the weekend at his California retreat.

Assembly to be reconvened .to discuss Nan

UNITED NATIONS, Feb. 20 (Agencies) - The president of the U.N. General Assembly said Thursday night that he proposed to recoovene it March 2 for a three-day debate on the questioo of Namibia, or Southwest Africa.

West German amhassador Ruediger Von Wechmar, who presides over the assembly's currently recessed 35th session, told repor-ters be would ask chairmen of U.N. regional groups next Monday to agree oo resumptioo of the session for those three days to act on resolutions put forward in the annual report of the U.N. council for Namibia.

Some of those resolutions would have the assembly applaud the Southwest Africa People's Organization's "armed struggle" for Namibia's independence from South Africa, accuse Israel, France, West Germany and the United States of "collusion .. with South Africa in the nuclear field," and ask the United States, Canada, Britain, France, West Germany, Switzerland and Japan to bar their corporations from dealing in Namibian uranium.

Von Wechmar was interviewed at a Panamanian reception after speaking with the president of the council for Namibia, Zambian ambassador Paul J.F. Lusaka, Hours earlier, that cooncil had authorized its president to consult with Von Wehmar and other interested parties' with a view to

Russians give recipes for longevity MOSCOW, Feb. 20 AFP) - The old tim-

combat sclerosis.

Most of them never touch, alcohol, although Georgia's elderly tipplers do like the occasional thimble-full of wine. Other screts of their success: good humor, happy marriages, and lots of offspring. Doubting Thomases are told to go and see Adam and childreo, grandchildreo, aod greatgrandchildren can all testify to the couple's 102 years of happy married life.

"speedy resumption" of the assembly session

to hold the Namibia debate, Lusaka told the other members that besides seeing Von Wechmar he would consult with the African contact group on Namibia and with the Southwest Africa People's Organizatioo - oow fighting to drive South Africa out of the territory.

South Africa charges that the United Nations is biased in favor of SWAPO. Because it took that position, a U.N. conference in Geneva Jan. 7-14 failed to agree on a date for a ceasefire in Namibia to inaogurate a plan that would bring the territory to independence from South Africa through a U.N.-supervised electioo.

Opposition to Trudeau's plan growing

PAGE 9

OTTAWA, Feb. 20 (R) - Opposition to Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau's plans for constitutional reform appeared to he growing as parliament began its third day debate Thursday on the issue. Four members of parliament belonging to the New Democratic Party (NDP), Canada's third-biggest political grouping, have said they would vote against the package.

The NDP had promised to support Trudeau in his move to return the country's constitution to the control of the Canadian government. Because of the country's colonial past, any amendments to the constitutioo must still be approved by the British parlia-meot. The four NDP members who announced their opposition are from the western province of Saskatchewan. The province's premier, Allan Blakeney, is also expected to announce his oppositon.

The loss of support from Saskatchewan is important because Trudeau'a plan is under attack from resource-rich western provinces, increasingly bitter at eastern politicians both over the reform package and Ottawa's energy program.

With the loss of Saskatchewan, seven of Canada's 10 provinces would be lined up against Trudeau's liberal government. New Brunswick and Ontario support the government while Nova Scotia has remained ocutral. One element of Trudeau's package is a proposed charter of rights. Opposition from some of the provinces comes because they fear its centerist nature cuts across their authoritiy to vary human and language rights.

They also believe the charter would usurp some of their control over revenue from. natural resources. The debate in parliament is likely to last several weeks.



AO PAULO, Feb. 20 (AP) - Nobel ice prize winner Adolfo Perez Esquivel of Sentina was detained briefly by Brazilian eral police here Thursday night and was ned that further political statements from 1 could result in his excutation liberalizatioo program.

For political statements

erez Esquivel refused to talk to reporters The was released by police at 10:25 p.m. d time, but his spokesman said the order letain Perez Esquivel had come from the eral justice ministry.

he federal police superinteodent warned a ez Esquivel during a more than two-bour aview in police headquarters "that what had said in Brazil was an infringement of foreigners' law," according to Jose Grei, chairman of a church-linked justice and ce committee. The cootroversial law ch regulates foreigners in Brazil was paslast year, and provides for the expulsion areign residents or visitors who speak out liciy on political issues.

indy on pointer interesting of specific ements Perez Esquivel had made in the a de Sao Paulo newspaper Thursday. The er had quoted Perez Esquivel as saying be - ported former political prisoners' efforts -



razil threatens to expel Esquivel justice is not to ask for revenge." Last week the Brazilian military ministers had condemoed such efforts hy former opponeots of Brazil's military regime, calling them vengeful and a threat to the country's political

> A Sao Paulo cardinal accompanied the silent and somber-looking Perez Esquivel as he left police headquarters, aod told reporters" I will speak for Esquivel - this is Brazil's greatest absurdity, arresting a man of peace." Perez Esquivel returned to a private resi-

dence after his release, and spokesman for the Nobel prize wincer said he planned to cootinue his program of speeches and meet-

According to eyewitnesses, Perez Esquivel had been arrested shortly after 8 p.m. local time wheo he arrived at a college for a meeting with Brazilian labor leaders, Included in the meeting was Luis Inacio Da Silva, who is known bere as Lula and is facing trial on charges stemming from last year's metal workers' strike in Sao Paulo.

The witnesses said Perez Esquivel was met at the door of the college by two well dressed men who identified themselves as federal police and then escorted him to federal police headquarters.

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eat bealthy food.

And they tell the cynics: we must know, There are more than 21,000 of us. According to a survey last year, 10 in every 100,000 Soviets are enjoying three-figure birthdays, against only 1.5 Americans, 0.7 Freoch, 0.6 Britons and 0.1 Japanese,

ers of the Soviet Unioo have been giving

away their recipes for longevity. The coun-

try's centenarians claim that life lasts longer for people who keep close tabs on their nerv-

ous systems, take things at the same pace

both at work and rest, exercise regularly and

Most of the Soviet Union's 5,432 male and 16,276 female centenarians come from the Caucasus and central Asia. Azerbaijan has 48 per 100,000 inhabitants, Georgia 39 per 100,000 and Annenia 24 per 100,000. The Soviet press reported the case of one Shirin Gassanov, a staggering 154 years old when he finally dropped dead in 1971. This ancient Azerbaijanian, the papers pointed out, was a toddler during the battle of Waterloo and already in his 100's by the October revolu-

Doctors agree that the fresh mountain air of the Caucasus range and central Asia is a major factor in longevity, coupled with the pure, uopolluted water from these regioos. But other specialists question the reliability of statistics which ofteo lack official proof such as birth certificates.

Russian .old timers are extremely dietconscious, sticking to the principle: "better to eat too little thao too moch." It is a pragmatic attitude for a people regularly faced with chronic hold-ups in food supplies. Obesity is not a problem among centenarians, their favorite foods being raw vegetables and fruit with a prefereoce for honey over sugar. They also consume milk, cheese and yoghurt to



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and news Economy

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21. 19

Miners in U.K. end strike

LONDON, Feb. 20 (AFP) - The leaders of Britain's coalminers have called off a threatened national strike following the National Coal Board's (NCB) reversal of a decision to shut down more than 20 pits considered uneconomical, but many miners stayed out on wildcat strike, backed by their regional officials.

The executive of the National Union of Miners (NUM) which had said previously it would recommend an indefinite strike, warned, however, it would reconsider strike action if negotiations with the NCB break

The NCB reversed its decision after it received assurances of financial aid from the government.

The government's pledge has been seen here as a major climb-down by Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's hitherto a hard-line monetarist policy opposed to state interven-tion in ailing industries.

The NUM also urged miners who had anti-cipated the strike call to go back to work. But in south Wales 26,000 striking miners said they were staying out until their regional leaders had met, and Arthur Scargill, left-wing leader of 66,000 Yorkshire miners, has refused to call his men back in and says be will recommend that they gn nn official strike from Monday.

In Scotland, the Leaders of the country's 20,000 miners were deciding later Thursday whether to advise strikers to go back to work. Many rank-and-file miners say they will only believe the government's promise when they see it in "black and white.".

The Welsh miners said they would continue their strike until the threat of pit closings was canceled throughout Britain.

The coal board had said it planned to close 23 uneconomic pits, leaving about 20,000 miners jobless. Mr. Gormley said last night that despite the board's concessions Wednesday, some pits still would be closed.

The acreement Wednesday was the first such major concession to unions by Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, known as the "iron lady" for her fierce and often inflexible resolve.

U.S. urged to participate in North-South dialogue

UNITED NATIONS, Feb. 20 (AP) - The new United States administration was urged Thursday to join talks taking place here looking toward a broad U.N. conference for global negotiations on economic issues that divide the industrialized North and the developing South.

West German Ambassador Ruediger Von Wechmar, who has been conducting the talks as president of the U.N. General Assembly, pressed the point at a luncheon speech to the foreign policy association and the U.N. Association of the United States at a New Ynrk hotel.

Von Wechmar said one decision President Ronald Reagan's new administration in Washington faced was whether to continue U.S. participation in the preparatory consultations for global negotiations under way since last September.

U.N. members, be went on, are asking what U.S. policy will be now toward the United Nations and the third world and bow the country will see the issue of the North-South negotiations.

Von Wechmar said delegates from several developing countries had recalled that Americans had "always stood by the poor and the oppressed" and could not conceive that the United States would overlook the economic and political benefits to be gained from supporting global negotiations.

"The Reagan team is now in the process of becoming acquainted with the details of the subject," he said. "This is good news, because in the end it will be the United States that can make or break the exercise."

"I hope," be added, "that negative experiences with two or three or even half a dozen countries will not affect American attitudes to the developing countries as a whole,"

Mrs. F. Kirkpatrick, the United States' new U.N. ambassador, attended the luncheon and had a conversation with Von Wechmar at a Panamanian reception here Thursday night.

He added been in Washington earlier in the week, and a well placed source said be came back discouraged about the prospect of involving the new U.S. government quickly in the negotiations.

In his luncheon speech, the text of which was issued bere, Von Wechmar argued that the developed as well as the developing countries stood to gain from global negotiations.

to finance Polish debt TOKYO, Feb. 20(R) - Japan is willing to contribute to any financial package put

Japan ready

together by the United States and other Western nations to help Poland overcome a foreign exchange shortage, government officials have said.

But the trade ministry officials refused Thursday to comment on a Japanese newspaper report saying major industrial democ-racies, including the United States, Japan and West Germany, would meet in Paris carly next week to discuss aid for Poland.

The financial daily Nihon Keizai Shimbun said the main issue at the Paris meeting would be whether one-year loans or three-month credits should be supplied to help finance Polish debts falling due this year. The officials said Poland had sounded out

the Japanese government on the possibility of a Japanese loan, but no figure was mentioned.

Some Western nations have discussed aid for Poland, but the United States has been slow in taking a firm stance because the Reagan administration was working out its overall economic policy, they added.

TAIPEI. Feb. 20 (AFP) - The Board of Trade bas decided to sponsor a European products' show in Taipei from May 4 to 10 to promote trade with European countries, it was learned here.

Economics Minister Chang Kwang-Shih has instructed the board to invite countries in western Europe to take part in the unprecedented trade fair.

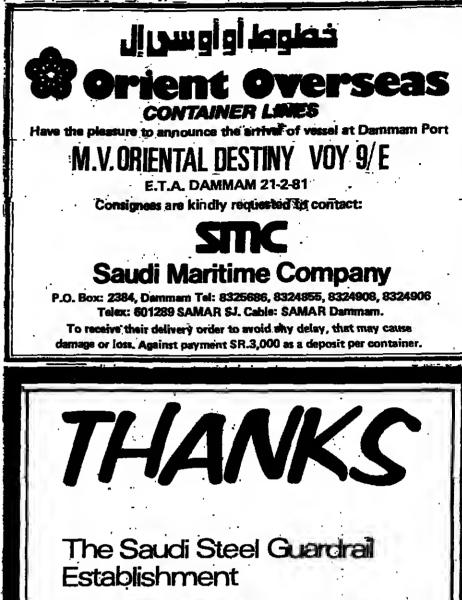
The board said Thursday that manufacturers from 13 countries - Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Britain, France , Italy, Greece, the

Taipei to promote trade with Europe Netherlands, Spain, Switzerland, West Ger, many, Sweden and Portugal - would take part in the one-week display.

The exhibition will be held at the China External Trade Development: Council's show. ground in Taipei. The European manufacturers will present machinery, electrical appliances, agricultural produce, metal goods, electronic products. transport equipment, textile products, petrochemical products and processed food at 677 stands.

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and its owner and manager, MR. AHMAD MOHAMED AL DAINY, express their deep gratitude TO HIS EXCELL-ENCY THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATION, HIS

ationals fear

NEW YORK, Feb. 20 (R) - The strong dollar and the econnmic slump in West Europe are worrying U.S. multinational companies which expect the double squeeze to burt their profits in the first half of 1981.

Financial analysts here said the squeeze on company earnings had tightened this year as the dollar's rise against other currencies quickened, making U.S. exports more expen-

sive. The situation has been aggravated by the West European recession which reduced demand and now looks more nervous than expected.

The analysts said the companies saw little chance of compensating for lost overseas earnings by increasing domestic business because the Reagan administration's battle. against inflation meant the U.S. econnmy was itself almost certain to be subdued.

One analyst Rein Van Der Does of stockbrokers Drexel Burnham Lambert, calculates that in the past 13 months the dollar rose 19.1 per cent against the West German mark, 19.2 per cent against the lira and 17.3 per cent against the Swiss franc.

Van Der Does said West Germany, which accounts for about one-third of the output of the European Common Market, was typical of what was happening in most of Europe. It was suffering an economic downturn more severe than generally expected with industrial production down 1.7 per cent in. December

But the battered mark, which fell to a three-year low against the dollar of 2.25 this week before recovering to 2.17, is making the country's exports more competitive, and many West Germany companies are turning to foreign markets for growth. So ... the competitinn for U.S. companies abroad will intensify.

Earlier this month, the West German Economics Ministry reported foreign industrial orders for last December were up by 10.3 per cent at an annual rate. Van Der Does said the squeeze would effect U.S. multinationals in different ways, consumer goods companies would probably be worse hit by the firm dollar, and capital goods corporations by the depressed west European economies.

Larry Smith of Smith Barney Harris Upham said the sales of U.S. drug companies in 16 foreign markets could fall five per cent

because of the dollar's strength. Even if the dollar stayed at its current levels, the companies' total sales would be cut by three per cent, be said.

Three drug companies - Merrell-Richardson, Squibb and Warner Lambert ---were likely to suffer most because of their beavy exports to western Europe, he forecast. However, companies which buy large amount of raw materials in currencies other than the dollar could benefit.

Some companies have escaped the worst effects of the currency swings by hedging future foreign currency receipts on the foreign exchange market. This practice could increase, particularly if the dollar made further ground, the analysts said.



European slump, strong dollar in exports



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AND THE ECONOMY

URDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1981

e with Algeria talks gas prices fail

By Cynthia Shanley Houston Bureau

OUSTON, Feb. 20 - Negodadons bet-Houston-based El Paso Co. and ria have not been successful, according an McFall of El Paso. Further informawould be released at a later date, he said. negotiations were over a ten-month disover gas prices.

geria suspended gas deliveries to the importing company El Paso last April the U.S. refused to accept a rise in the of natural gas from \$1.94 per million of natural gas from \$1.94 per instruction BTU. the units (BTU) to \$6 per million BTU. special Algerian parliamentary commis-had determined earlier in the dispute El Paso was morally responsible for caus-the Algerian state oil and gas corporation Itrach to lose carnings estimated at \$290 on. The commission said the earnings lost in the ten years following the sign-CONTER: f a cootract. In 1969, El Paso signed a ract under which it would take delivery NG over a 25-year period. Oeliveries ed in March of 1978 uoder the contract. rever, Sonatrach renegotiated in the in May 1979 and amended to provide a e price of \$1.75 per BTU through Ompany 30, 1983, with the price to be revised

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The commission found that the indexing formula, world inflation and huge overruns were responsible for the fall in profits.

In Washington, the U.S. Energy Oepartment confirmed Thursday talks on gas prices had failed and said no further meetings are planned

The deadlock highlighted the problems facing Algeria's attempt to boost natural gas prices to equal those of oil, in terms of heat delivered, industry experts said Thursday.

The attempt has been watched by exporters of gas throughout the world, many of whom were expected to follow Algeria's pricing lead.

A U.S. delegation left Algiers Thursday night after two days of talks which the Energy Department said had met with no success.

Informed sources in Algiers had expected the talks there Tuesday and Wednesday to lead to a renewal of deliveries at a provisional, compromise price of hetween \$4 and \$4.60.

U.S. spokesmen also said that the improvement in relations with Algeria folowing the Algerian government's role in release of the U.S. hostages in Iran might he lp the two countries reach an agreement.

No details on the deadlock were immediately available, but informed sources in Algiers said the U.S. had repeated an offer to pay \$4 per million BTU for the gas,

U.S. spokesmen said this was a relatively high price since the U.S. also faced transport costs of more than \$1.50 per million BTU. The U.S. is, at present, paying less than \$4.50 per million BTU for Canadian and Mexican gas delivered to its borders.

NUREMBERG, (AFP) - The figure for officially-registered unemployed in West Germany this month will be about 1,400,000, against 1.308.000 in January, Helmut Minta, deputy chief of the Federal Labor Office. told the newspaper Stuttgarter Nackrichten Friday

SINGAPORE, (AFP) - Aer Lingus of Ireland can fly to Singapore and beyond under an air agreement announced bere Friday. Singapore Airlines may operate to Ireland and beyond under the deal, which was concluded here by Noel, transport secretary, and Lim Hock San, Singapore's civil aviation director.

NEW DELHI, (AFP) - Food output in India during the financial year ending next month is officially forecast at an all-ome high of 133 million tons. The government said Friday the rice crop was an estimated 56 million tons, about two million tons above the previous record production. Wheat was also expected to show up as a record at 36 million

Japan seen to lead in

GDP growth LONDON, Feb. 20 (R)

major industrial countries can expect average growth of just under one per cent in their gross domestie product (GDP) this year, according to a gloomy report on the world economy published here.

The report by the intelligence unit of the Economist magazine predicted that Japan would do hest among the seven industrial giants, but with a modest increase of 2.5 per cent in GDP - the total output of goods and services.

In the United States, where interest ates are currently at 19 per cent or more, GDP growth in 1981 will not he much above one per cent, the report said.

Renewed growth in the U.S. economy is expected in the second half of the year as interest rates fall, but this will follow a poor first half as recovery from last year's recession is blighted by the bigh cost of borrowing, it said.

The West German economy is likely to contract by about one per ceni, while Britain's is expected to fall by two per cent, the report said.

Some forecasters bave been saying the world should begin to recover later this year from the recession if there are no new shocks such as a leap in oil prices. But Thursday's report was in line with the 24-nation Organization for Cooperation and Oevelopment (OECO) which foresees growth of only 1.5 per cent in its area in the first half of 1981, rising to 2.25 per cent in the second half. The Economist said it expected the French

and Italian GDP to rise 1.5 per cent, while Canada should have a 1.2 per cent increase.

BRIEFS

PARIS, (AFP) - Freoch sandal producers hope shortly to reach an agreement with China that it will curb shipments of cheap sandals to France, the trade body concerned has said. Tennis shoes from Hong Kong and boots from Yugoslavia are also worrying the footwear industry.

ROME, (AP) - The U.N. International Fund for agricultural Development and Pakistan Friday signed a \$12.8 million loan for a project aimed at improving the income and living standards of poor farmers in Pakistan's rain-fed areas, IFAO annouoced.

SAU PAULO, (AFP) - Henry Ford, director of Ford Motor Company, warned the U.S. government during a factory inspectioo here against Japanese competition in the U.S. market, noting that Japanese firms now had one quarter of the business. His own company was going through a serious crisis, but this would be surmounted within a year or

(C)Ohn

China's offshore oil discovery confirms large reserves

PARIS, Feb. 20(R) - The first oil find in a new wave of exploration aimed at confirming large reserves off the Chinese mainland has been announced by the French oil firm Compagnie Francaise des Petroles (CFP).

It said its subsidiary Total China had found significant showings of hydrocar hons in a well in the Yellow Sea off northern China. Bot a final evaluation would only be made when drilling of the well was complete.

Oil experts believe China has large, recoverable offshore reserves of as least 25 hillion

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barrels, a similar amount to those under the whole of the North Sea. The reserves are largely untapped although China has some offshore rigs.

CFP. ELF-Aquitaine of France and the Japanese Nadon Oil Corporadon (JNOC) were the first companies to sign offsnore dril-ling contracts with China and have just begun work. CFP said Thursday's announcement was its first result. while ELF and JNOC have not yet reported any finds.

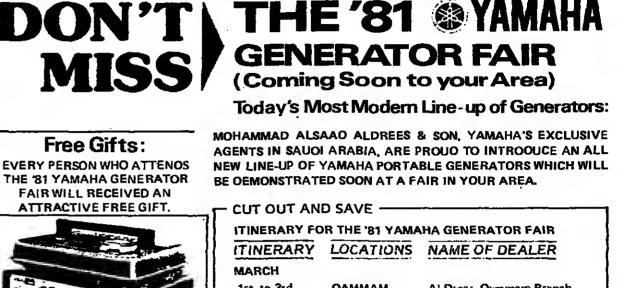
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Around 20 oil companies mainly from the U.S. and west Europe have been involved in geological and seismie surveys in China. Others amongst them hope to be awarded offshore drilling contracts soon, oil industry sources said.

PAGE 1J

LECES.

China's oil production has established at 106 million tons (780 million barrels) a year. Western experts believe China's total recovcrable reserves may be around 50 billion barrels



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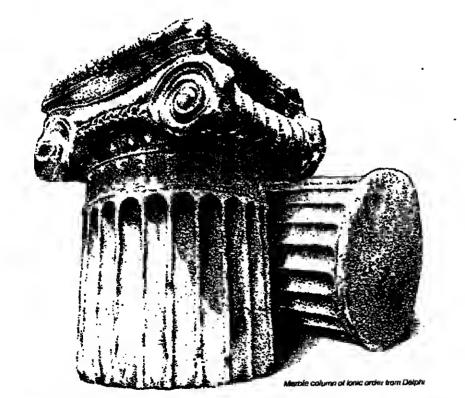
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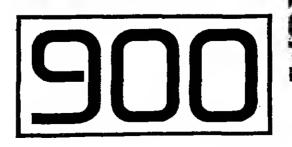
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Exeter moves ahead

LONDON, Feb. 20 (R) - Exeter City rose from the obscurity of the Third Division to reach the quarter finals of the English Football Association Cup hy thrashing Newcastle 4-0 Wednesday night.

It was a result which upheld the competition's reputation for the unexpected and thrust Exeter into a quarter-final meeting with Tottenham Hotspur, one of English soccer's most famous clubs whose players include Argentine World Cup hero Osvaldo Ardiles.

Newcastle, from the Second Division, were never in Wednesday's fifth round replay after conceding two goals, in the first 19 minutes. Peter Hatch gave Exter a 13th-minute lead. lan Peason made it 2-0 and after Peter Rogers had increased the halftime score to 3-0. Martyn Rogers completed the scoring three minutes from time.

European champions Nottingham Forest won their First Division encounter with Stoke City 2-1 after Mike Doyle had given them a goal start by turning the ball into his own net after eight minutes.

Adrian Heath equalized for Stoke but Forest snatched the winner when Trevord Franics crossed for Colin Walsh to score.

In a Division Three match, Reading and Newport drew 1-1 while in the Scottish F.A. Cup fourth round replay, Rangers beat St. Johnstone 3-1 and are now at home to Hibernian in the quarter-finals.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 20 (R) - Belgium, runners up in the European Championship, led Cyprus 2-0 after 11 minutes hut then scrapped bome only 3-2 in a World Soccer Cup qualifying match Wednesday night.

The result was a major setback for the Belgians who had been expected to win comfortably and take over the lead in European Group two. Instead, while they drew level ou points with the Republic of Ireland, they did not improve their goal record sufficiently to move to the top of the table.

Goals by Gerard Plessers and Erwin Vandenbergh gave Belgium the sort of start they must have hoped for - but then events took a dramatic turn.

Stephanos Lysandrou pulled a goal back before halftime and with half an hour to go Fivos Vrahimis put the Cypriots on terms raising their hopes of gaining their first point in five qualifying games.

But Jan Ceulemans rescued both points for Belgium with the winning goal in the 67th minute.

Belgium enjoyed territorial advantage

almost continously and could have gone in front as early as the second minute. But they soon made up for that lapse with Plessers' goal after six minutes and they coked to be on the hrink of routing the Cypriots when Vandenbergh made it 2-0 five minutes later.

It was with the first chance Thes created that Cyprus pulled a goal back in the 41st minute. Vrahimis put over a free kick and Lysandrou, unattended in front of goal, Dicked his spot.

Vrahimis got the next goal, pushing the ball into an empty net after Belgian goalkeeper Jean-Marie Pfaff had been drawn off his line.

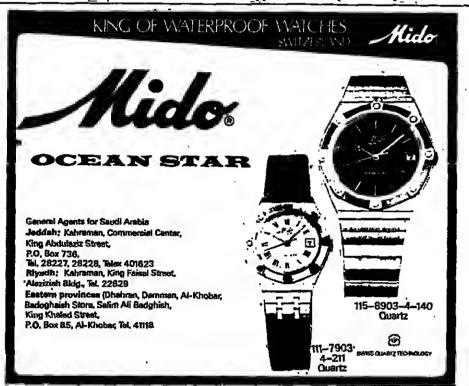
Ceuleman's goal came as a tremendous relief to the Belgian side and their supporters but they continued to squander chances which in the final analysis could be crucial in qualifying for the World Cup finals in Spain next year.

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In English soccer **Ipswich**, Aston Villa will have to watch out

Belgium fails to impress

LONDON, Feb. 20 (AP) - Ipswich and Aston Villa re-new their tussle at the head of the English First Division Soccer Saturday in the knowledge that with two thirds of the season over, any slip-ups against weaker opposition could prove costly in the race for



the league title. Villa will have this particularly in mind when it plays bottom club Crystal Palace at Villa Park.

On paper, it's a home win for certain and another two points in the bag for Villa, But Ron Saunders' team must guard against complacency. Palace recently held a halftime lead at League leader Ipswich before going down 3-2.

But a humiliating 0-3 home defeat by Coventry on Tuesday has added to Palace's woes and the side, chopped and changed by new manager Dario Gradi in search of a winning formula, has an almighty task to lift itself in front of the Villa fans.

Two Villa players, capitain Dennis Mortimer and full-back Ken Swaun, were sent home from training on Wednesday suffering from flu. But both are expected to play against Palace.

Ipswich won its vital game in band over Villa on Tuesday, beating Middlesbrough 1-0 at home, and now has a clear two-point lead over its main rival. Both have played 29 games, with Ipswich on 44 points and Villa on 42. Next comes Liverpool with 37 points from 30 matches.

Like Villa, Ipswich has a comfortablelooking home game against lowly Wolverhampton Wanderers and is expected to hold on to its two-point lead at the top.

Ipswich, in its best season for many years, is going for an impossible-looking treble - the League, F.A. Cup and UEFA Cup - and as yet the side has shown little sign of strain.

West Indies record innings win

arabnews Sports

PORT-OF-SPAIN, Trinidad, Feb. 20 (AP) --- England's batting crumbled to fast bowling for the second time in the match and the West Indies won the first cricket Test by a resounding innings and 79 runs here Wednesday.

Only the weather, which resulted in the loss of just over an hour's play, and a defiant 70 by the 40-year-old opening batsman Geoff Boycott caused the West Indies any anxiety on their way to victory.

Throughout the day, their battery of four fast bowlers kept England with their backs to the wall - and when they introduced occasional bowlers Vivian Richards and Larry Gomes in an effort to speed the advent of the second new ball it brought the valuable wicket of England captain Ian Botham.

England, 65 for two, had a 20-minute breather when the start of the day was delayed by early morning rain. But once it did get underway, wickets fell at regular intervals.

Both overnight batsman David Gower and Geoff Miller fell cheaply before lunch, the latter providing fast bowler Colin Croft with his hundredth wicket in Test cricket by edging a catch to third slip.

For just over an hour, Boycott and Botham looked as if they might give England with the type of partnership they needed.

But Botham allowed impatience to get him out to a reckless shot. Trying to lift Richards he mistimed the shot and gave a high catch to Michael Holding at midoff.

When, eight runs later, Holding produced a sharply lifting bouncer to claim Boycott brilliantly caught at third slip by Desmond Haynes, the West Indies was through to the England lower order.

West Indies 426 for 9 decl, England 178 and 169.

Allan Lamb cleared

LONDON, Feb. 20 (AFP) - Allan Lamb, Northamptonshire's South African-born batsman, has been cleared by the County Cricket Board to play for England from next

Lamb, 26, made his county debut in 1978 and has quickly become one of the most attractive and heaviest-scoring batsman in the game.

Napier match drawn

NAPIER, New Zealand, Feb. 20 (AFP)-Even with three declarations the opening first class match of India's cricket tour of New Zealand could do no more than wander to a tame draw as Central Districts made no effort to chase a difficult target set for them in the last session of play at McLean Park in Napier. India scored 312 for seven declared and

195 for three declared. Central Districts 277 for seven declared and 29 without loss.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 20 (AP) - Gil Morgan fired a 6-under-par 65 Thursday to grab the first-round lead in the \$300,000 Glen Campbell Los Angeles open.

Morgan, who won the event in 1978, slip-ped ahead of six other golfers including Japan's Namio Takusu, who was in Los Angeles only because of an extension of his honeymoon. Takusu, John Miller, John Cook, Bruce

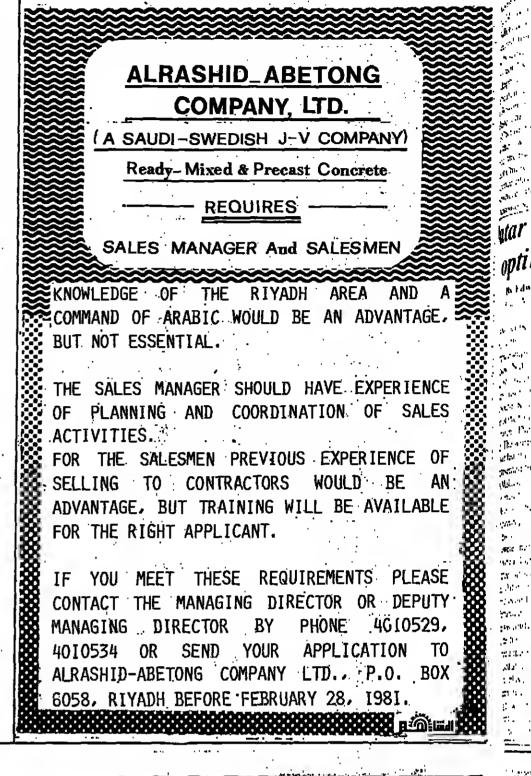
Lietzke, Miller Barber and Keith Fergus all shot 66 over the Riviera Country Club course

Gil Morgan grabs with its par 35-36 extending 7.022 yards.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1981

the lead

An amateur, Commans, a senior at the university of Southern California, shot a 67 to sneak in among the pros on the opening day. Jack Nicklaus shot only a 71 while Lee Trev-ing and Tom Watson did worse with 72s. Morgan sank two 20-foot (6 m) birdie putts enroute to his 65 but observed that, if the winds come up over the Pacific Ocean, the low scores could become things of the past.







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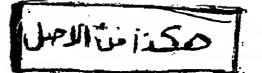
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Mabnews Sports

the Asturday, FEBRUARY 21, 1981 Porter spo

TURDAY

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revey, Porter sparkle

Bullets rout 76ers keep hopes alive NEW YORK, Feb. 20 (AP) - The

ailadelphia 76ers haven't lost many games 1 season - they are 51-12, tops in the ational Baskethall Association - but the ruggling Washington Bullets have given with Kevin Grevey pouring in 31 points

d Kevin Porter, bis running mate at guard, ONG ding 24, as well as banding out 15 assists, Bullets beat the 76ers Thursday night for second time in a week, this time by a 29-108 score.

"It's not like beating anyone else — It's madelphia. I don't think any team could OMPANY bere beaten us Thursday night - Philadel-bia, Boston or anybody," Grevey said after Oncrete Bullets hit 56 per cent of their sbots and goosed 28 fast-break points while banding the ers their worst defeat of the season. By ming, the Bullets pulled to within one-balf inte of Chicago fur the sixth and last Eastern Sufference playoff spnt. Elsewhere, the Midwest Divison-leaders

LESIMEN Antonio Spurs were knocked off by the

Datar manager optimistic By Edward Thankarajah

Arab News Correspondent

BANGKOK, Feb. 20 - The final round of the 22nd Asian Youth Soccer Championships will begin Saturday at the Bangkok National Stadium with bosts Thailand meeting Bangladesh in the contain-raiser contest and reigning champions South Korea taking nn the 'darkhorse' of the tournament Qatar in the second match. The fifth team taking part is Japan. The winner of the tournament will be awarded the Tengku Abdul Rahman Cup presented by the former prime minis-.ter of Malaysia.

The finalists in this contest will represent Asia at the Wurld Youth Soccer Championships to be beld in Australia in Oct. this year. Two qualifying tournament were held last Dec. at Manila. South Korea, Japan and Thailand took the top three spots respectively while at Bacca, Qatar and Bangladesh finished first and second. The manager of the Qatar team Rustum

Baker was confident that his side would enter the final. He said he would have preferred if their match with South Korea was played at a later date. "It would bave given our players time to settl down and get acclimatised. Nevertheless, we are do well," he said. looking forward to this tournament with excitement and enthusiasm, and hope to

Cleveland Cavaliers 118-104, the Denver Nuggets nipped the Pacific Divison leaders Phoenix Suns 127-126 and the Portland Trail Blazers downed the Detroit Pistons 115-106.

Cavaliers 118, Spurs 104: Mike Mitchell scored 30 points and Bill Laimbeer added 19 to go with 22 rebounds for Cleveland. The game was deadlocked: \$0-\$0 with 4:16 left in the third quarter before Cleveland opened a 91-85 advantage at the end of the period. Roger Phegley added 20 points for Cleveland and Geoff Histon came off the bench to score 19. George Gervin paced San Antonio with

Nuggets 127, Suns 126: Alex English scored Denver's last eight points as the Nuggets rallied from a seven-point deficit in the final three minutes. English's jumper from the baseline put the Nuggets on top with 24 seconds remaining. Late in the third period Denver led 92-76, but Phoenix went into a pressure defense and began a stirring comeback. The Suns cut the deficit to six points by the end of the period and opened a 122-115

Then the Nuggets reversed the trend. Dan Issel connected on four free throws before English took over, hitting three baskets and two free throws in the last 1:43. [sse] was the game's high scorer with 30 points and David Thumpson contributed 24 for Denver.

Footballer dies

SHEFFIELD, England, Feb. 20 (AFP) - A 19-year-old reserve player collapsed and died Thursday during a practice session for Sheffield United, an English Third Division football team.

Keith Solumnn suddenly dropped to the ground after the went for a high ball in training. When he failed to recover after mouthto-mouth resuscitation he was rushed to buspital, where he died sburtly after his arrival.

INKN, (AFP) - Snow and ice almost brought the Mintex International Rally to a balt Thursday night but after a testing battle Finn Pentti Airikkala emerged with a minute advantage over Rothman's teammate Malcolm Wilson after three stages.

MADRID (AP) - The flaming torch for the Universiade Winter Games, scheduled to start at Jaca in nurthern Spain on Feb. 24, arrived in Madrid Wednesday. The torch was brought from Mexico, the host country of the latest Winter Games.

LAUSANNE: (AFP) — The International Olympie Committee's executive board will discuss Athens' proposal to become the permanent site of the Summer Games when it meets at Los Angeles on Feb. 23-24. Also on



(Wire ph PROUD WINNER: Argentine soccer stan Diego Maradona, who recently transferred to the Boca Janiors for a record price, is all smiles as be poses with the player of the year trophy.

Aussie step to foil Springboks' tour

CANBERRA, Feb. 20 (AP) - The Australian government will ban the South African Rugby Union team from flying to New Zealand via Australia by refusing all transit facilities, the fnreign affairs depart-ment announced Friday. The visit is planned fnr later this year.

Officials made it clear the Australian gnvernment was taking this step because of its opposition to South Africa's apartheid policies.

BRIEFS

the agenda are progress reports on the 1984 Summer Games in Los Angeles and the 1984 Winter Games in Sarajevo.

TOKYO (AP) - Nagoya, one of four cities bidding for the 1988 Summer Olympie Games, would stage the Games from Oct. 8 through Oct. 23 according to its plans, the Japan Olympie Committee (JOC) reported Thursday.

LONDON, (AFP) - International hooker Keith Elwell, lempted by a club record, has pulled out of the English side to face France in the Jean Galia Rugby League Championship match in Leeds, Saturday. Elwell, who with 174 consecutive matches for Widnes is 17 away from the club record of 191, asked to be excased from a national XIII training session to play for Widnes at Hull Wednesday.

To take 2-0 lead **Borg outplays McEnroe**

SYDNEY, Feb. 20 (R) - Sweden's Bjorn Borg wrapped up his three-match tennis challenge against American rival John McEnroe with a second straight sets victory at the Hordern Pavilion Friday. Borg won 6-2, 6-4 tu take an unbeatable 2-0 lead in the millinndollar series.

Although McEnroe put up more of a fight than in his 6-0, 6-4 drubhing Thursday night, he was comprehensively outplayed and was again let down by his serve-and-volley game, In the four sets played so far, McEnroe has broken Borg's service only once and has looked a shadow of the player who battled to five sets with the Swede in the 1980 Wimble-

don and U.S. Open finals. The third and final match will be played in Melbourne Saturday night. In La Quinta, top-seeded Jimmy Connurs,

second-seeded Ivan Lendl and third-seeded Harold Solomon earned herths in the quarter-finals of the \$175,000 Grand Marnier-ATP Tennis games by scoring third-round victories Thursday.

Connors whipped Terry Moor 6-0, 6-2; Lendl, of Czechoslovakia, struggled to a 6-1,

4-6, 6-4 trinmph over 13th-seeded Bob Lutz. and Solomon crushed Trey Waltke 6-3, 6-2.

Also advancing to Friday's quarter-finals were fifth-seeded Roscoe Tanner, who downed Hank Pfister 6-7, 6-4, 6-4; seventh-seeded Eliot Teltscher, who eliminated ninth-seeded Eddie Dibbs 6-2, 6-1; Eighthseeded Brian Gottfried, who ousted 16th-seeded Mel Purcell 6-3, 6-4; 14th-seeded Tomas Smid of Czechoslovakia, who topped Pau Krook of Australia 6-1, 6-3, and unseeded Pat Dupre, who beat Phil Dent of

Australia 6-4, 6-0. Meanwhile, third-seeded Kathy Jordan overcame an erratic serve and a partisan crowd to defeat hometown favorite Zina Garrison 6-2, 6-3 Thursday night in a second round match of the \$100,000 Avon Tennis Championship of Houston.

Jordan twice won key games after falling behind on ber service and fought back after Garrison broke ber in the seventh game of the second set.

Garrison took Jordan to five hreak points in the seventh game of the opening set before Jordan finally held and broke Garrison in the eighth game to win the first set.

Sugar Leonard to defend title

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20 (AP) - Sugar Ray Leonard will defend bis World Boxing Council welterweight title on March 28 against one of three opponents, Leonard's attoroey Mike Trainer said Thursday.

PAGE 13

According to trainer, the possible opponents are Larry Bonds of Denver, ranked fourth hy the WBC, Jorgen Hansen of Denmark, ranked seventh, and Hwan Chung Jae of South Korea, ranked eighth.

Three sites are under consideration for the fight, Trainer said, they are Syracuse, New York; Hartford, Connecticut, and Houston, Texas.

The lawyer said selection of an opponent and a site are expected in the next few days. Leonard has come under criticism from the WBC for not defending bis title if he failed to defend it three times in 1981.

Trainer refused to label the March bout a tune-up for Leonard's June 19 date with Ayuh Kalule. The June 19 fight, to be held in Las Vegas or New Jersey, will be for Kalule's World Boxing Association junior middleweight title.

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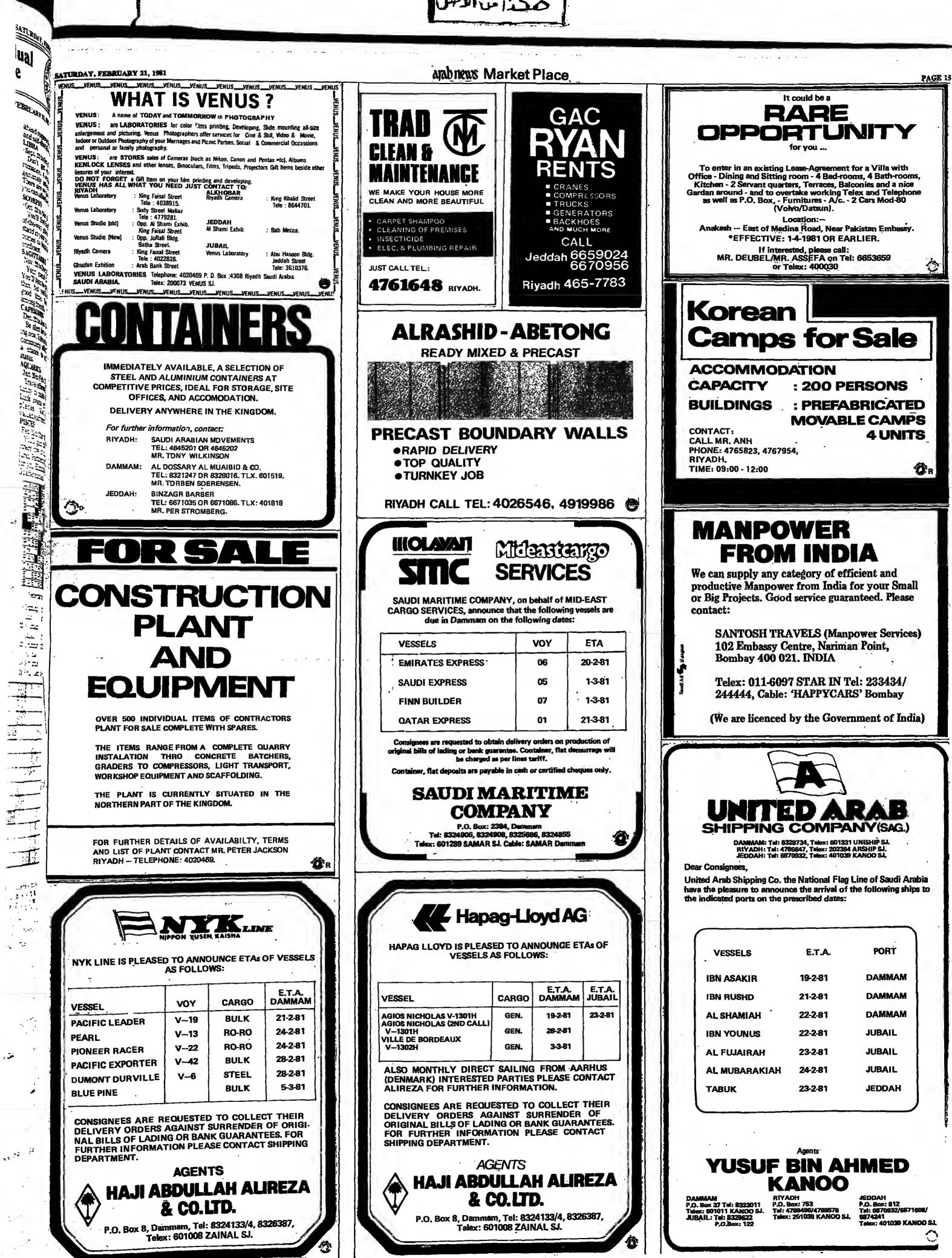
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IBN RUSHD	21-2-81	DAMMAM
AL SHAMIAH	22-2-81	DAMMAM
IBN YOUNUS	22-2-81	JUBAIL
AL FUJAIRAH	23-2-81	JUBAIL
AL MUBARAKIAH	24-2-81	JUBAIL
TABUK	23-2-81	JEDDAH



Beast runs amok at Bangkok airport By Edward Thangarajah

appeared to bewilder the animal which calmed down long enough for airport security staff to capture it and lead it to the oearby police station where it was beld in close detention. Police said the buffalo was among a group of 20 sent by train from a province to a Bangkok abattoir and while being offloaded at a railway station opposite the international airport onc, as if knowing his fate, managed to break away. It galloped off up the ramp to the departure lounge botly pursued by a group of workers who were in charge of the off loading operations. One workers and the owner of the buffalo have been beld hy police. The damage done to airport property is estimated at \$ 800.

Palme prepared to fly to Tehran Thursday after a series of conferences in Baghdad with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, and other

called off their 50-day sit-in at a former official trade union building in the southern city of Rzeszow and were leaving for home.

Solidarity noted that the farmers in the Rzeszow occupation concluded an agreement with the government Thursday, while striking private farmers at nearby Ustrzyki Dolne signed a similar on e early Friday morning with a government commission. The shift from picket line to negotiating table was completed eight days after Prime Minister Wojciech Jaruzelski appealed for a 90-day truce with the free labor movement after months of turmoil. The transition took 10 days after the new premier took up the reins of government.

The accords, reached after weeks of repeatedly deadlocked talks, enshrined the principle of privately-owned farms as a perArab News Correspondent

BANGKOK, Feb. 20 - Pandemonium resigned, though briefly at the Bangkok international airport, when a water buffalo stampeded through the departure lounge and sent passengers, airport workers and officials running for safety. The male water buffalo made a spectacular entrance crashing through a plate glass panel while stunned security staff, airline workers and passengers stared in disbelief.

The moment of sbock lasted long enough for the animal's long, sharp horns to register with the bustling crowd, which scattered in all directions. Women screamed and chairs were flung aside by those anxious to get out of the beast's path.

leaders. Cuban 'raiders' free Ecuador ambassador

MIAMI, Florida, Feb. 20 (AP) — The Cuhan "raiders" who stormed the Ecuadorean embassy bere earlier this month have handed over their weapons to the Ecuadorean ambassador, freelog him and two other hostages, Havana Radio reported Friday. The bostages were released Thursday night, according to a broadcast monitored in Miami.

The broadcast said the hostages left the embassy grounds after the assailants gave their weapons to amhassador Jorge Perez Concha.



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SOUTH PRECAST FACTORY Abha, P.O. Box 8, Telex: 901010 MELHA, Telephones: 2246853, 2246509, 2230232



